

Downingtown Area School District Downingtown, Pennsylvania Chester County

Financial Statements Year Ended June 30, 2022



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INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT

Board of School Directors Downingtown Area School District Downingtown, Pennsylvania

Opinions

We have audited the accompanying financial statements of the governmental activities, the business-type activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of Downingtown Area School District, Downingtown, Pennsylvania, as of and for the year ended June 30, 2022, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise Downingtown Area School District's basic financial statements as listed in the table of contents.

In our opinion, the financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the respective financial position of the governmental activities, the business-type activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of Downingtown Area School District, as of June 30, 2022, and the respective changes in financial position and, where applicable, cash flows thereof for the year then ended in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

Basis for Opinions

We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller of the United States. Our responsibilities under those standards are further described in the Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Statements section of our report. We are required to be independent of Downingtown Area School District, and to meet our other ethical responsibilities, in accordance with the relevant ethical requirements relating to our audit. We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinions.

Responsibilities of Management for the Financial Statements

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of the financial statements in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America, and for the design, implementation and maintenance of internal control relevant to the preparation and fair presentation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

In preparing the financial statements, management is required to evaluate whether there are conditions or events, considered in the aggregate, that raise substantial doubt about Downingtown Area School District's ability to continue as a going concern for twelve months beyond the financial statement date, including any currently known information that may raise substantial doubt shortly thereafter.

Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Statements

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements as a whole are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error, and to issue an auditor's report that includes our opinions. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance but is not absolute assurance and therefore is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with generally accepted auditing standards and *Government Auditing Standards* will always detect a material misstatement when it exists. The risk of not detecting a material misstatement resulting from fraud is higher than for one resulting from error, as fraud may involve collusion, forgery, intentional omissions, misrepresentations or the override of internal control. Misstatements are considered material if there is a substantial likelihood that, individually or in the aggregate, they would influence the judgment made by a reasonable user based on the financial statements.

In performing an audit in accordance with generally accepted auditing standards and *Government Auditing Standards*, we:

- Exercise professional judgment and maintain professional skepticism throughout the audit.
- Identify and assess the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or
 error, and design and perform audit procedures responsive to those risks. Such procedures include
 examining, on a test basis, evidence regarding the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements.
- Obtain an understanding of internal control relevant to the audit in order to design audit procedures that are
 appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of
 Downingtown Area School District's internal control. Accordingly, no such opinion is expressed.
- Evaluate the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of significant accounting estimates made by management, as well as evaluate the overall presentation of the financial statements.
- Conclude whether, in our judgment, there are conditions or events, considered in the aggregate, that raise substantial doubt about Downingtown Area School District's ability to continue as a going concern for a reasonable period of time.

We are required to communicate with those charged with governance regarding, among other matters, the planned scope and timing of the audit, significant audit findings, and certain internal control-related matters that we identified during the audit.

Required Supplementary Information

Accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America require that the management's discussion and analysis, the budgetary comparison schedule – General Fund, the schedules of the District's proportionate share of the net pension liability - PSERS and pension plan contributions - PSERS, schedule of changes in OPEB liability single-employer plan, and the schedules of the District's proportionate share of the net OPEB liability - PSERS and OPEB plan contributions - PSERS on pages 4 through 12 and 48 through 53 be presented to supplement the basic financial statements. Such information is the responsibility of management and, although not a part of the basic financial statements, is required by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board, who considers it to be an essential part of financial reporting for placing the basic financial statements in an appropriate operational, economic or historical context. We have applied certain limited procedures to the required supplementary information in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America, which consisted of inquiries of management about the methods of preparing the information and comparing the information for consistency with management's responses to our inquiries, the basic financial statements, and other knowledge we obtained during our audit of the basic financial statements. We do not express an opinion or provide any assurance on the information because the limited procedures do not provide us with sufficient evidence to express an opinion or provide any assurance.

Report on Summarized Comparative Information

We have previously audited Downingtown Area School District's 2021 financial statements, and our report dated December 8, 2021 expressed unmodified opinions on those audited financial statements. In our opinion, the summarized comparative information presented herein as of and for the year ended June 30, 2021, is consistent, in all material respects, with the audited financial statements from which it has been derived.

Supplementary Information

Our audit was conducted for the purpose of forming opinions on the financial statements that collectively comprise Downingtown Area School District's basic financial statements. The combining and individual fund financial statements are presented for additional analysis and are not a required part of the basic financial statements. The schedule of expenditures of federal awards and certain state grants is presented for purposes of additional analysis as required by Title 2 U.S. Code of Federal Regulations (CFR) Part 200, Uniform Administrative Requirements, Cost Principles, and Audit Requirements for Federal Awards, and is not a required part of the basic financial statements.

The combining and individual fund financial statements and the schedule of expenditures of federal awards and certain state grants are the responsibility of management and were derived from and relate directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements. Such information has been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statements and certain additional procedures, including comparing and reconciling such information directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements or to the basic financial statements themselves, and other additional procedures in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America. In our opinion, the combining and individual fund financial statements and the schedule of expenditures of federal awards and certain state grants are fairly stated in all material respects in relation to the basic financial statements as a whole.

Other Information Included in the Financial Statements

Management is responsible for the other information in the financial statements. The other information comprises the borrowing base calculation and the comparative General Fund schedules, but does not include the financial statements and our auditor's report thereon. Our opinions on the financial statements do not cover the other information, and we do not express an opinion or any form of assurance thereon. In connection with our audit of the financial statements, our responsibility is to read the other information and consider whether a material inconsistency exists between the other information and the financial statements, or the other information otherwise appears to be materially misstated. If, based on the work performed, we conclude that an uncorrected material misstatement of the other information exists, we are required to describe it in our report.

Other Reporting Required by Government Auditing Standards

In accordance with *Government Auditing Standards*, we have also issued our report dated December 15, 2022, on our consideration of Downingtown Area School District's internal control over financial reporting and on our tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts and grant agreements and other matters. The purpose of that report is to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over financial reporting and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on internal control over financial reporting or on compliance. That report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering Downingtown Area School District's internal control over financial reporting and compliance.

BBD, LLP

Philadelphia, Pennsylvania December 15, 2022

MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS - UNAUDITED

June 30, 2022

Management's discussion and analysis (the "MD&A") of Downingtown Area School District's (the "District") financial performance provides an overall review of the District's financial activities for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2022. The intent of this discussion and analysis is to look at the District's financial performance as a whole. Readers should also review the financial statements, notes to the financial statements, and supplemental information in this report.

FINANCIAL HIGHLIGHTS

- The total governmental funds net change in fund balance for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2022 was \$3,065,515. This includes \$1,911,256 from recurring operations in the General Fund and Capital Projects Fund, plus \$1,154,259 from one-time changes in fund balance in the Capital Projects Fund including the sale of land, offset by the use of fund balance in the Debt Service Fund.
- As of June 30, 2022, the District's governmental funds reported a combined fund balance of \$177,491,428. This
 includes \$20,807,134 in the General Fund, \$122,380,676 in the Capital Projects Fund, and \$34,303,618 in the
 Debt Service Fund. \$23,475,284 of the fund balance in the Debt Service Fund is held in an escrow account for
 the retirement of bonds, and is not available for use by the District.
- General Fund revenues from local sources increased a total of \$11,490,588 over the prior year. Changes in local revenue sources over the prior year were as follows:
 - Increase in all real estate tax revenue of \$8,613,395, primarily due to a 3.00% increase in the millage rate plus growth in property assessments in the District. Earned income tax also increased by \$1,756,676 over the prior year. IDEA revenue, which is federally funded but classified as local revenue for Pennsylvania Department of Education ("PDE"), increased \$925,540, part of which is related to COVID-19 grants.
- General Fund revenue from state sources increased \$2,371,710 over the prior year. This includes an increase in
 the Public School Employees Retirement System ("PSERS") reimbursement of \$1,180,056 for increased
 employer contributions due to higher personnel costs and a higher PSERS rate. The District also received a
 combined increase of \$902,906 in its basic education and special education subsidies.
- General Fund revenue shown as federal sources increased over the prior year by \$240,490 primarily due to an increase in COVID-19 grants.
- General Fund expenditures, excluding other financing uses, had a net increase of \$13,275,656 over the prior
 year primarily due to a \$11,482,273 increase in employee costs. The employee costs included a \$5,041,544
 increase in salaries, a \$2,491,270 increase in PSERS and payroll tax expense, and a \$3,949,459 increase in
 employee benefit costs including healthcare.
- Net other financing uses in the General Fund increased compared to the prior year by \$593,630 primarily due to an increase in proceeds from sales of obsolete equipment.
- During 2021-2022, the Capital Projects Fund had \$10,289,649 in expenditures which primarily includes capital
 expenditures for facilities improvements, technology equipment, and curriculum items. The District maintains a
 capital budget each year for these types of expenses, and funds them with annual transfers from the General
 Fund. The 2021-2022 transfer from the General Fund was \$8,978,703.
- During 2021-2022, the Debt Service Fund subsidized \$6,545,289 of the District's debt service.
- On a government-wide basis including all governmental activities and business-type activities, the assets and deferred outflows of resources exceeded the liabilities and deferred inflows of resources of the District resulting in net position at the close of the 2021-2022 fiscal year of \$48,843,845. During the 2021-2022 fiscal year the District had an increase in total net position of \$5,418,928. The net position of governmental activities increased by \$3,082,299 and the net position of the business-type activities increased by \$2,336,629. The governmental activities increase was driven by a decrease in the District's allocated portion of the PSERS pension liability which reduces expenses, and an increase in property tax revenue. The business-type activities increase was driven by an increase in federal funding for the District's food service operations.

MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS - UNAUDITED

June 30, 2022

OVERVIEW OF FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

The MD&A is intended to serve as an introduction to the District's basic financial statements. The District's basic financial statements are comprised of three components: 1) government-wide financial statements, 2) fund financial statements, and 3) notes to the basic financial statements. This report also contains other supplementary information in addition to the basic financial statements themselves.

Government-Wide Financial Statements

The first two statements are government-wide financial statements - the Statement of Net Position and the Statement of Activities. These provide both long-term and short-term information about the District's overall financial status.

The government-wide statements report information about the District as a whole using accounting methods similar to those used by private-sector companies. The Statement of Net Position includes all of the government's assets and liabilities. All of the current year's revenues and expenses are accounted for in the Statement of Activities regardless of when cash is received or paid.

The two government-wide statements report the District's net position and how they have changed. Net position, the difference between the District's assets and deferred outflows of resources and liabilities and deferred inflows of resources, is one way to measure the District's financial health or position.

Over time, increases or decreases in the District's net position are an indication of whether its financial health is improving or deteriorating, respectively. To assess the overall health of the District, you need to consider additional non-financial factors, such as changes in the District's property tax base and the performance of the students.

The government-wide financial statements of the District are divided into two categories:

- Governmental Activities All of the District's basic services are included here, such as instruction, administration
 and community services. Property taxes and state and federal subsidies and grants finance most of these activities.
- Business-Type Activities The District operates a food service operation and charges fees to staff and students to cover the costs of the food service operation.

Fund Financial Statements

The remaining statements are fund financial statements that focus on individual parts of the District's operations in more detail than the government-wide statements. The governmental funds statements tell how the District's operations were financed in the short term as well as what remains for future spending. Proprietary fund statements offer short and long-term financial information about the activities that the District operates like a business. For the District, this represents our Food Service Fund. Fiduciary fund statements provide information about financial relationships where the District acts solely as a trustee or agent for the benefit of others.

- Governmental Funds Most of the District's activities are reported in governmental funds, which focus on the determination of financial position and change in financial position, not on income determination. Governmental funds are reported using an accounting method called modified accrual accounting, which measures cash and all other financial assets that can readily be converted to cash. The governmental fund statements provide a detailed short-term view of the District's operations and the services it provides. Governmental fund information helps the reader determine whether there are more or fewer financial resources that can be spent in the near future to finance the District's programs. The relationship (or differences) between governmental activities (reported in the Statement of Net Position and the Statement of Activities) and governmental funds is reconciled in the financial statements.
- Proprietary Funds These funds are used to account for District activities that are similar to business operations
 in the private sector; or where the reporting is on determining net income, financial position, changes in financial
 position, or where there is a significant portion of funding through user charges. When the District charges
 customers for services it provides whether to outside customers or to other units in the District these services
 are generally reported in proprietary funds. The Food Service Fund is the District's proprietary fund and is the
 same as the business-type activities reported in the government-wide statements.

MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS - UNAUDITED

June 30, 2022

- Fiduciary Funds The District is the trustee, or fiduciary, for assets that belong to others, such as scholarship funds or student activity funds. These assets are not reflected in the government-wide financial statements because the District cannot use these assets to finance its operations.
- Notes to the Financial Statements The notes to the financial statements provide additional information that is
 essential to a full understanding of the data provided in the financial statements.
- Other Information In addition to the basic financial statements and accompanying notes, this report also
 presents certain required supplementary information which consists of the budgetary comparison schedule for the
 General Fund, schedules of the District's proportionate share of the net pension liability-PSERS and pension plan
 contributions-PSERS, schedule of changes in OPEB liability single-employer plan, and the schedules of the
 District's proportionate share of the net OPEB liability-PSERS and OPEB plan contributions-PSERS, as well as
 additional analysis which consists of combining and individual fund financial statements and comparative General
 Fund schedules.

FINANCIAL ANALYSIS OF THE DISTRICT - GOVERNMENT-WIDE STATEMENTS

As noted above, net position may serve over time as a useful indicator of the District's financial condition. At the close of the 2021-2022 fiscal year the District's assets and deferred outflows of resources exceeded liabilities and deferred inflows of resources by \$48,843,845. The following table presents condensed information for the Statement of Net Position of the District at June 30, 2022 and 2021.

	Govern	Governmental		ss-Type		
	Activ	<u>rities </u>	Acti	vities		tal
	<u>2022</u>	<u>2021</u>	<u>2022</u>	<u>2021</u>	<u>2022</u>	<u>2021</u>
ASSETS						•
Current assets	\$ 219,864,915	\$ 215,790,846	\$ 4,717,439	\$ 2,206,971	\$ 224,582,354	\$ 217,997,817
Capital assets	290,147,751	307,440,511	1,228,578	1,107,722	291,376,329	308,548,233
TOTAL ASSETS	510,012,666	523,231,357	5,946,017	3,314,693	515,958,683	526,546,050
DEFERRED OUTFLOWS OF RESOURCES	88,313,052	100,275,831	99,068	112,552	88,412,120	100,388,383
LIABILITIES						
Current liabilities	52,683,326	50,524,600	739,626	430,398	53,422,952	50,954,998
Noncurrent liabilities	432,809,650	492,925,049	380,154	441,859	433,189,804	493,366,908
TOTAL LIABILITIES	485,492,976	543,449,649	1,119,780	872,257	486,612,756	544,321,906
DEFERRED INFLOWS						
OF RESOURCES	68,837,687	39,144,783	76,515	42,827	68,914,202	39,187,610
NET POSITION Invested in capital assets,						
net of related debt	182,518,766	192,521,249	1,228,578	1,107,722	183,747,344	193,628,971
Restricted for debt service	23,475,284	23,765,192	-	-	23,475,284	23,765,192
Unrestricted (deficit)	(161,998,995)	(175,373,685)	3,620,212	1,404,439	(158,378,783)	(173,969,246)
TOTAL NET POSITION	\$ 43,995,055	\$ 40,912,756	\$ 4,848,790	\$ 2,512,161	\$ 48,843,845	\$ 43,424,917

The District's total assets as of June 30, 2022 were \$515,958,683 of which \$185,969,427 or 36.04% consisted of unrestricted cash and investments and \$291,376,329 or 56.47% consisted of the District's net investment in capital assets. The District's total liabilities as of June 30, 2022 were \$486,612,756 of which \$107,628,985 or 22.12% consisted of general obligation debt used to acquire and construct capital assets and \$299,632,015 or 61.58% consisted of the actuarially determined net pension liability.

The District had a deficit in unrestricted net position of \$158,378,783 at June 30, 2022 which is primarily due to the recognition of the District's PSERS net pension and OPEB liabilities. However, the total net position is a positive \$48,843,845 due to the District's strong cash position and investment in capital assets.

MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS - UNAUDITED

June 30, 2022

The District's net position invested in capital assets net of accumulated depreciation, less any related debt used to acquire those assets that is still outstanding, was \$183,747,344 as of June 30, 2022. The District uses these capital assets to provide services to students, and are not available for future spending. Although the District's investment in its capital assets is reported net of related debt, it should be noted that the resources needed to repay this debt must be provided from other sources, since the capital assets themselves cannot be used to liquidate these liabilities. For the year ended June 30, 2022, the District's net investment in capital assets decreased by \$9,881,627 mainly due to the disposition of land during the year.

The following table presents condensed information for the Statement of Activities of the District for 2022 and 2021. The decrease in total expenses from 2021 to 2022 was driven by a decrease in the District's allocated portion of the PSERS pension liability which reduces the related costs included in the expense categories below. The total increase in revenue from 2021 to 2022 was driven by an increase in property tax revenue, and an increase in federal funding for the District's food service operations.

	Governmental Activities		Busines Activ	, i	Total			
	2022	2021	2022	2021	2022	2021		
REVENUES	<u> </u>		<u> </u>	· <u></u>				
Program services								
Charges for services	\$ 2,557,478	\$ 1,666,672	\$ 323,512	\$ 19,836	\$ 2,880,990	\$ 1,686,508		
Operating grants and								
contributions	45,891,281	42,992,038	6,611,606	3,078,445	52,502,887	46,070,483		
Capital grants and contributions	150,000	1,282,344	158,078	287,147	308,078	1,569,491		
General revenues								
Property taxes	156,382,505	148,963,522	-	-	156,382,505	148,963,522		
Other taxes	26,697,158	24,756,463	-	-	26,697,158	24,756,463		
Grants, subsidies and								
contributions not restricted	19,743,064	19,196,694	-	-	19,743,064	19,196,694		
Investment earnings (loss)	(1,906,577)	(24,307)	7,494	9,236	(1,899,083)	(15,071)		
Miscellaneous revenue	597,801	527,095	-	-	597,801	527,095		
Gain (loss) on sale of capital								
assets	(3,483,563)	147,347	2,649		(3,480,914)	147,347		
TOTAL REVENUES	246,629,147	239,507,868	7,103,339	3,394,664	253,732,486	242,902,532		
EXPENSES								
Instruction	150,274,070	154,383,498	-	-	150,274,070	154,383,498		
Instructional student support	21,179,461	20,915,249	-	-	21,179,461	20,915,249		
Administrative and financial								
support	20,653,946	21,126,146	-	-	20,653,946	21,126,146		
Operation and maintenance of								
plant services	15,246,188	19,106,352	-	-	15,246,188	19,106,352		
Pupil transportation	12,103,521	10,631,130	-	-	12,103,521	10,631,130		
Student activities	3,927,854	3,462,111	-	-	3,927,854	3,462,111		
Community services	51,843	14,689	-	-	51,843	14,689		
Interest and amortization expense								
related to noncurrent liabilities	5,519,428	6,029,936	-	-	5,519,428	6,029,936		
Unallocated depreciation								
expense	14,590,537	14,866,328	-	-	14,590,537	14,866,328		
Food services			4,766,710	2,832,906	4,766,710	2,832,906		
TOTAL EXPENSES	243,546,848	250,535,439	4,766,710	2,832,906	248,313,558	253,368,345		
CHANGE IN NET								
POSITION	\$ 3,082,299	\$ (11,027,571)	\$ 2,336,629	\$ 561,758	\$ 5,418,928	\$ (10,465,813)		

MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS - UNAUDITED

June 30, 2022

FINANCIAL ANALYSIS OF THE DISTRICT - GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS

GENERAL FUND

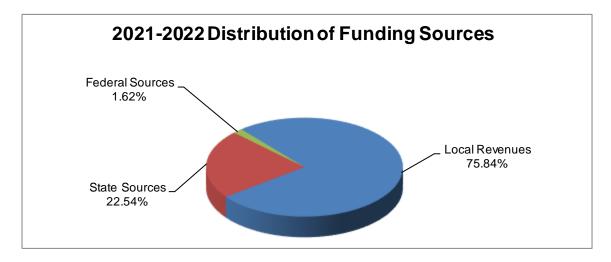
The General Fund is the District's primary operating fund. At the conclusion of the 2021-2022 fiscal year, the General Fund fund balance was \$20,807,134 representing an increase of \$1,130,577 from the prior year. The increase in the District's General Fund fund balance is a result of revenues over expenditures of \$9,116,170, reduced by other net financing uses of \$7,985,593, primarily for transfers to the Capital Projects Fund. The following analysis has been provided to assist the reader in understanding the financial activities of the General Fund during the 2021-2022 fiscal year.

At June 30, 2022, the District reported an unassigned fund balance of \$20,778,346. The unassigned fund balance represents about 8.00% of the 2022-2023 General Fund budgeted expenditures which is in accordance with guidelines prescribed by the Pennsylvania Department of Education.

General Fund Revenues

General Fund revenues, which totaled \$249,756,467, increased \$14,102,788 or 5.98% over prior year revenues. The following table reflects a comparison of current year revenues to prior year revenues and 2021-2022 budgeted amounts as follows:

	Revenue 	% of <u>Total</u>	Increase (Decrease) From 2021	Variance with Final Budget - Positive (Negative)
Local sources	\$ 189,426,134	75.84%	\$ 11,490,588	\$ 8,085,725
State sources	56,302,669	22.54%	2,371,710	986,696
Federal sources	4,027,664	1.62%	240,490	242,019
TOTAL REVENUES	\$ 249,756,467	<u>100.00</u> %	\$14,102,788	\$ 9,314,440



MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS - UNAUDITED

June 30, 2022

Revenue from local sources primarily includes revenue from real estate taxes levied by the District. The increase in all real estate tax revenue was \$8,613,395, primarily due to a 3.00% increase in the real estate tax millage rate plus growth in new assessed property in the District. Other local revenue increases included earned income tax of \$1,756,676 over the prior year; and IDEA revenue, which is federally funded but classified as local revenue for PDE purposes and increased \$925,540 as part of the COVID-19 grants. The state source revenue increase over the prior year is primarily due to an increase in the PSERS reimbursement of \$1,180,056 for increased employer contributions due to higher personnel costs and a higher PSERS rate. The District also received a combined increase of \$902,906 in its Basic Education and Special Education subsidies from the state. The federal source revenue increase over the prior year is primarily due to an increase in COVID-19 grant revenue.

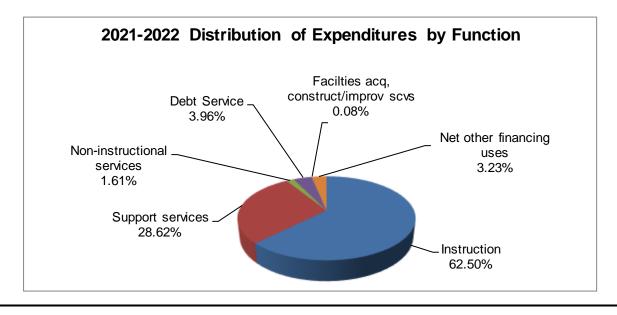
Revenues compared to budget were favorable with local revenues exceeding the budget primarily due to stronger earned income tax and real estate transfer tax revenue. The larger than expected Basic Education and Special Education subsidies primarily caused the positive state revenue budget variance. The Federal revenue variance reflects a larger amount of COVID grant revenue recognized than anticipated.

General Fund Expenditures and Other Financing Uses

General Fund expenditures including net other financing uses, which totaled \$248,625,890, increased \$13,869,286 over the 2020-2021 expenditures. Compared to the final budget, expenditures including net other financing uses were higher by \$2,150,813.

The expenditures are segregated into the functional categories shown in the chart below. The expenditures for each function are compared to the prior year expenditures, and the 2021-2022 final budget amounts as follows:

	Expenditures 2022	% of <u>Total</u>	Increase (Decrease) <u>From 2021</u>	Variance with Final Budget - Positive (Negative)
Instruction	\$ 155,402,222	62.50%	\$ 8,268,433	\$ (2,050,301)
Support services	71,165,099	28.62%	4,366,267	86,510
Non-instructional services	4,010,801	1.61%	707,611	22,901
Facilities acq, construct/improv scvs	208,530	0.08%	(68,621)	1,470
Debt service	9,853,645	3.96%	1,966	-
Net other financing uses	7,985,593	3.23%	593,630	(211,393)
TOTAL EXPENDITURES	\$ 248,625,890	<u>100.00</u> %	\$ 13,869,286	\$ (2,150,813)



MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS - UNAUDITED

June 30, 2022

The increase in the instruction, support services, and non-instructional services expenses is primarily due to increases in employee salary and PSERS costs, and an increase in healthcare costs. Prior year facilities improvement expenses included HVAC improvement costs that were not incurred in 2021-2022, which caused the decrease from 2020-2021. The increase in net other financing uses compared to the prior year is primarily due to an increase in the amount transferred out of the General Fund into the Capital Projects Fund.

The negative final budget variance for instruction was primarily due to higher than anticipated health care claim costs. Higher health care costs in the support services function was offset by lower than budgeted transportation costs, due to a driver shortage, causing a small positive budget variance. The net other financing uses negative final budget variance was primarily due to a higher than budgeted transfer of General Fund surplus to the Capital Projects Fund.

CAPITAL PROJECTS FUND

The Capital Projects Fund accounts for construction and renovation costs for District buildings, facility improvement projects, and equipment purchases to support technology and curriculum. During 2021-2022, the total amount of expenditures for these items was \$10,289,649, and the primary funding source for these expenditures was a transfer from the General Fund of \$8,978,703 along with interest income, federal grant and other revenue totaling \$1,008,867. At June 30, 2022, the District reported a fund balance of \$122,380,676, which is an increase over the prior year of \$8,697,907. The increase was primarily due to the proceeds from the sale of land of \$8,999,986. The total Capital Projects Fund fund balance as of June 30, 2022 is committed for future capital expenditures.

DEBT SERVICE FUND

The Debt Service Fund accounts for funds committed for the payment of a portion of the District's debt service on outstanding bonds. During 2021-2022, the Debt Service Fund fund balance decreased by \$6,762,969 primarily due to debt service payments of \$6,545,289. At June 30, 2022, the Debt Service Fund reported a fund balance of \$34,303,618 which includes \$23,475,284 that the District has paid into an escrow account held for the future retirement of its Qualified School Construction Bonds. The remaining fund balance of \$10,828,334 will be used to pay a portion of the District's current debt service through 2022-2023. Debt service payments from this fund supplement the debt service payments in the General Fund, which has allowed the General Fund debt service expense to remain level over the past several years at a lower amount than the District's total debt service.

CAPITAL ASSETS

The District's net investment in capital assets for its governmental and business-type activities as of June 30, 2022 amounted to \$291,376,329 net of accumulated depreciation. This investment in capital assets includes land, land improvements, buildings and improvements, furniture and equipment and vehicles. The total decrease in the District's investment in capital assets, net of accumulated depreciation, for the current fiscal year was \$17,171,904 or 5.57%. The decrease was primarily due to the sale of land during the year and depreciation of assets.

More detailed information about the District's capital assets is presented in the notes to the financial statements.

LONG-TERM DEBT AND NONCURRENT LIABILITIES

At the end of the current fiscal year, the District had total general obligation debt of \$107,628,985 consisting of \$61,605,000 in bonds payable, \$40,069,000 in qualified school construction bonds and bond premiums net of deferred discounts \$5,954,985. The entire amount is backed by the full faith and credit of the District. The District issues bonds to finance capital construction or to finance the retirement (refund) of existing debt. The District's general obligation debt decreased by a net amount of \$10,698,074 or 9.04% during the fiscal year primarily due to principal payments on the bonds.

The District maintains an AAA rating from Moody's and Standard and Poors.

MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS - UNAUDITED

June 30, 2022

State statutes limit the amount of general obligation debt the District may issue up to 225% of its borrowing base capacity which is calculated as the annual arithmetic average of the total revenues for the preceding three fiscal years. The District's outstanding general obligation debt as of June 30, 2022 is under the District's current debt limitation of \$531,319,790.

The District reports its allocated portion of its defined benefit unfunded benefit obligation related to its participation in PSERS. The District's allocated portion of the net pension liability totaled \$299,632,015 as of June 30, 2022. This is an actuarially determined estimate of the District's proportionate share of the unfunded cost of the PSERS pension plan obligation. The District's net pension liability allocation decreased by \$51,097,496 or 14.57% during the fiscal year based on the actuarially determined estimate.

The District reports a liability for its other post-employment benefits ("OPEB") related to its single employer OPEB plan and its participation in the PSERS health insurance premium assistance program. The District's net OPEB liability is an actuarially determined estimate of the unfunded cost of the OPEB obligation which totaled \$16,911,958 for the single employer plan as of June 30, 2022, and \$17,320,566 for the allocated portion of the PSERS OPEB liability. The District's combined net OPEB liability increased by \$2,304,112 or 7.22% during the fiscal year.

Other noncurrent liabilities consist of the District's liability for compensated absences which totaled \$2,814,354 as of June 30, 2022. These liabilities decreased by \$265,646 or 8.62% during the fiscal year.

More detailed information about the District's long-term debt and noncurrent liabilities is presented in the notes to the financial statements.

FACTORS BEARING ON THE DISTRICT'S FUTURE

The District has identified the following factors related to the District's future:

- The District's enrollment continues to grow with 13,191 students at the beginning of 2022-2023, and increase of about 1.1% over the prior year.
- The District has approved plans to make renovations to the East and West high schools. Estimated combined
 cost is \$67 million, with final bids due in January 2023. There are also plans to make renovations to Beaver
 Creek and West Bradford elementary schools, and add gymnasiums to Lionville and Bradford Heights
 elementary schools.
- The District's bus contractors are experiencing significant shortages of bus drivers which will likely continue over the next year and possibly beyond. The bus driver shortage is nationwide. This has forced the District to implement longer bus runs and double bus runs. The District may need to incur higher costs in future years to address driver shortages and provide the necessary level of student transportation service.
- The District's 2022-2023 budget is \$261,416,586 and includes a 3.00% tax increase. The 2022-2023 budget reflects a deficit of about \$4 million. The District anticipates tax increases will need to continue in future years to enable revenues to keep pace with expenditure growth.
- The Pennsylvania law known as Act 1 provides property tax relief for property owners. As part of this legislation, a limit is placed on the real estate tax rate percentage increase that can be levied by the District each year. The percentage limit is known as the Act 1 index. The Act 1 index for 2022-2023 is 3.40% and 4.10% for 2023-2024.
- Increases in the level of state funding that the District will receive in future years is uncertain, and is influenced by the political decisions and economic climate influencing the state budgets.
- The District's contributions to PSERS will continue to be significant over the next several years. PSERS projects the following future percentages of employee salaries that the District will need to fund:

MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS - UNAUDITED

June 30, 2022

2022-2023	35.26%
2023-2024	35.69%
2024-2025	36.02%
2025-2026	36.48%
2026-2027	36.78%

The state is expected to continue to reimburse the District for half of these contributions.

• The District will continue to practice prudent fiscal management practices to ensure sufficient funding for its operations and capital spending.

CONTACTING THE DISTRICT FINANCIAL MANAGEMENT

Questions concerning any of the information provided in this report or requests for additional financial information should be addressed to the Business Manager or Assistant Director of Finance, Downingtown Area School District, 540 Trestle Place, Downingtown, PA 19335, www.dasd.org.

STATEMENT OF NET POSITION

June 30, 2022 with summarized comparative totals for 2021

	Governmental	Business-type	Totals			
	Activities	Activities	2022	<u>2021</u>		
ASSETS AND DEFERRED OUTFLOWS OF RESOURCES						
CURRENT ASSETS						
Cash	\$ 101,817,505	\$ 3,925,892	\$ 105,743,397	\$ 137,121,666		
Investments	79,681,030	545,000	80,226,030	41,899,135		
Restricted assets	,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,	,	, -,	,,		
Investments held by fiscal agent	23,475,284	-	23,475,284	23,765,192		
Taxes receivable	2,970,645	-	2,970,645	3,594,991		
Due from other governments	9,756,959	216,055	9,973,014	10,042,843		
Internal balances	(21,585)	21,585	-	-		
Other receivables	2,156,289 28,788	8,515	2,164,804	1,422,982 149,668		
Prepaid expenses Inventories	20,700	392	28,788 392	1,340		
Total current assets	219,864,915	4,717,439	224,582,354	217,997,817		
NONCURRENT ASSETS						
Capital assets, net	290,147,751	1,228,578	291,376,329	308,548,233		
Total assets	510,012,666	5,946,017	515,958,683	526,546,050		
DEFERRED OUTFLOWS OF RESOURCES						
Deferred charges OPEB - single employer	2,101,044	-	2,101,044	2,329,619		
Deferred charges on proportionate share of OPEB - PSERS	5,359,658	6,159	5,365,817	4,301,122		
Deferred charges on proportionate share of pension - PSERS	80,852,350	92,909	80,945,259	93,757,642		
Total deferred outflows of resources	88,313,052	99,068	88,412,120	100,388,383		
LIABILITIES, DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES AND NET POSITION						
CURRENT LIABILITIES						
Accounts payable	5,671,489	275,104	5,946,593	7,895,248		
Accrued salaries, payroll withholdings and benefits	33,933,191	-	33,933,191	30,212,106		
Accrued interest payable Bonds and notes payable - due within one year	996,834 11,118,074	-	996,834 11,118,074	1,178,266 10,698,074		
Unearned revenue	963,738	464,522	1,428,260	971,304		
Total current liabilities	52,683,326	739,626	53,422,952	50,954,998		
NONCURRENT LIABILITIES						
Bonds and notes payable - due in more than one year	96,510,911	_	96,510,911	107,628,985		
Compensated absences	2,797,996	16,358	2,814,354	3,080,000		
OPEB liability - single employer	16,911,958	-	16,911,958	16,513,999		
Net OPEB liability - PSERS	17,300,686	19,880	17,320,566	15,414,413		
Net pension liability - PSERS	299,288,099	343,916	299,632,015	350,729,511		
Total noncurrent liabilities	432,809,650	380,154	433,189,804	493,366,908		
Total liabilities	485,492,976	1,119,780	486,612,756	544,321,906		
DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES						
Deferred credits OPEB - single employer	2,251,202	-	2,251,202	1,875,610		
Deferred credits on proportionate share of OPEB - PSERS	1,603,158	1,842	1,605,000	2,055,000		
Deferred credits on proportionate share of pension - PSERS	64,983,327	74,673	65,058,000	35,257,000		
Total deferred inflows of resources	68,837,687	76,515	68,914,202	39,187,610		
NET POSITION						
Net investment in capital assets	182,518,766	1,228,578	183,747,344	193,628,971		
Restricted for debt service	23,475,284	-	23,475,284	23,765,192		
Unrestricted (deficit)	(161,998,995)	3,620,212	(158,378,783)	(173,969,246)		
Official (deficit)	(:0:,000,000)					

STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES

Year ended June 30, 2022 with summarized comparative totals for 2021

					Net (Expense) Revenue and			
	Expenses	Charges for <u>Services</u>	Operating Grants and Contributions	Capital Grants and Contributions	Governmental	Business-type	2022	2021
GOVERNMENTAL ACTIVITIES		Dwa awawa Bas		_	Activities	Activities		
Instruction	\$ 150,274,070	racodulati 1940 e v		\$ -	\$ (121,078,447)	\$ -	\$ (121,078,447)	,
Instructional student support	21,179,461	-	2,750,972	-	(18,428,489)	-	(18,428,489)	(18,299,783)
Administrative and financial support services	20,653,946		2,228,290	-	Changes in Net (13,084,392)	Position -	Totals, 425,656)	(19,024,142)
Operation and maintenance of plant services	15,246,188	430,965	1,580,831	150,000		-	(13,084,392)	(17,440,069)
Pupil transportation	12,103,521	-	3,776,394	-	(8,327,127)	-	(8,327,127)	(6,519,290)
Student activities	3,927,854	2,062,913	395,882	-	(1,469,059)	-	(1,469,059)	(1,654,079)
Community services	51,843	-	-	-	(51,843)	-	(51,843)	(14,689)
Interest and amortization expense related to								
noncurrent liabilities	5,519,428	-	6,026,889	-	507,461	-	507,461	(541,954)
Unallocated depreciation	14,590,537))	(14,866,328)
Total governmental activities	243,546,848	2,557,478	45,891,281	150,000	(194,948,089)			(204,594,385)
BUSINESS-TYPE ACTIVITIES								
Food service	4,766,710	323,512	6,611,606	158, 07\$,590),5 <u>37</u>	(14,59	0,537 2,326,486	552,522
Total primary government	\$ 248,313,558	\$ -	\$ -	\$308,078	(194,948,089)	2,326,486 2,326,486	48,089) (192,621,603)	(204,041,863)
GENERAL REVENUES	_				2,32	6,486		
Property taxes levied for general purposes					156,382,505	-	156,382,505	148,963,522
Other taxes levied for general purposes					26,697,158	-	26,697,158	24,756,463
Grants and entitlements not restricted to		52,502,887	,		-			
specific programs	2,880,990	02,002,001			19,743,064	-	19,743,064	19,196,694
Investment earnings (loss)					(1,906,577)	7,494	(1,899,083)	(15,071)
Miscellaneous income				-	597,801	-	597,801	527,095
Gain (loss) on sale of capital assets					(3,483,563)	2,649	(3,480,914)	147,347
TRANSFERS								
Total general revenues and transfers					198,030,388	10,143	198,040,531	193,576,050
CHANGE IN NET POSITION					3,082,299	2,336,629	5,418,928	(10,465,813)
NET POSITION Beginning of year					40,912,756	2,512,161	43,424,917	53,890,730
End of year					\$ 43,995,055	\$	\$	\$

See accompanying notes

.

BALANCE SHEET - GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS

June 30, 2022 with summarized comparative totals for 2021

	Capital		Debt					
	General		Projects	Service		Tot	als	
	<u>Fund</u>		<u>Fund</u>	<u>Fund</u>		<u>2022</u>		<u>2021</u>
ASSETS								
Cash	\$ 35,183,958	\$	55,805,213	\$ 10,828,334	\$	101,817,505	\$	135,118,726
Investments	20,048,480		59,632,550	-		79,681,030		41,899,135
Restricted assets:								
Investments held by fiscal agent	-		-	23,475,284		23,475,284		23,765,192
Taxes receivable	2,970,645		- 0.70.700	-		2,970,645		3,594,991
Due from other funds	3,133		8,978,703	-		8,981,836		7,650,317
Due from other governments Other receivables	9,415,135		341,824	-		9,756,959		9,872,882
Prepaid items	2,140,289 28,788		16,000	-		2,156,289 28,788		1,408,995 149,668
r repaid items	20,700					20,700		149,000
Total assets	\$ 69,790,428	\$	124,774,290	\$ 34,303,618	\$	228,868,336	\$	223,459,906
LIABILITIES, DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES AND FUND BALANCES								
LIABILITIES								
Accounts payable	\$ 3,277,875	\$	2,393,614	\$ -	\$	5,671,489	\$	7,704,127
Due to other funds	9,003,421		-	-		9,003,421		7,669,060
Accrued salaries, payroll								
withholdings and benefits	33,933,191		-	-		33,933,191		30,212,106
Unearned revenue	963,738	_			_	963,738	_	732,027
Total liabilities	47,178,225		2,393,614			49,571,839	_	46,317,320
DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES Unavailable revenues - property taxes	1,805,069		<u>-</u>	<u>-</u>		1,805,069		2,716,673
ELIND DALANCES								
FUND BALANCES Nonspendable								
Prepaid expenditures	28,788		_	_		28,788		149,668
Restricted for	20,700					20,700		. 10,000
Debt service	_		-	23,475,284		23,475,284		23,765,192
Committed to								
Capital projects	-		122,380,676	-		122,380,676		113,682,769
Debt service	-		-	10,828,334		10,828,334		17,301,395
Unassigned	20,778,346	_			_	20,778,346	_	19,526,889
Total fund balances	20,807,134		122,380,676	34,303,618		177,491,428		174,425,913
Total liabilities, deferred								
inflows of resources								
and fund balances	\$ 69,790,428	\$	124,774,290	\$ 34,303,618	\$	228,868,336	\$	223,459,906

RECONCILIATION OF GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS BALANCE SHEET TO NET POSITION OF GOVERNMENTAL ACTIVITIES ON THE STATEMENT OF NET POSITION

June 30, 2022

TOTAL GOVERNMENTAL FUND BALANCES		\$ 177,491,428
Amounts reported for governmental activities in the statement of net position are different because:		
Capital assets used in governmental activities are not financial resources and therefore are not reported in the governmental funds balance sheet.		
Capital assets Accumulated depreciation	\$ 472,007,631 (181,859,880)	290,147,751
Deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions and other post-employment benefits are not reported as assets and liabilities in the governmental funds balance sheet.		
Deferred outflows of resources - pension and OPEB Deferred inflows of resources - pension and OPEB	88,313,052 (68,837,687)	19,475,365
Some of the District's property taxes will be collected after year-end, but are not available soon enough to pay for the current period's expenditures, and therefore are deferred inflows of resources on the governmental funds balance sheet.		1,805,069
Noncurrent liabilities are not due and payable in the current period and therefore are not reported as liabilities in the governmental funds balance sheet.		
Bonds and notes payable Compensated absences OPEB liability - single employer Net OPEB liability - PSERS Net pension liability - PSERS	(107,628,985) (2,797,996) (16,911,958) (17,300,686) (299,288,099)	(443,927,724)
Accrued interest payable on long-term liabilities is included in the statement of net position, but is excluded from the governmental funds balance sheet until due and payable.		(996,834)
NET POSITION OF GOVERNMENTAL ACTIVITIES		\$ 43,995,055

STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES - GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS

Year ended June 30, 2022 with summarized comparative totals for 2021

	General		Capital Projects		Debt Service	Totals			
	<u>Fund</u>		<u>Fund</u>		<u>Fund</u>	2022	<u>2021</u>		
REVENUES									
Local sources	\$ 189,426,134	\$	515,572	\$	72,227	\$ 190,013,933	\$ 179,779,635		
State sources	56,302,669		-		-	56,302,669	53,930,959		
Federal sources	4,027,664	_	341,824	_		4,369,488	5,069,518		
Total revenues	249,756,467	_	857,396	_	72,227	250,686,090	238,780,112		
EXPENDITURES									
Current									
Instruction	155,402,222		5,239,876		-	160,642,098	152,720,115		
Support services	71,165,099		214,194		-	71,379,293	66,895,034		
Operation of noninstructional services	4,010,801		95,808		-	4,106,609	3,310,345		
Facilities acquisition, construction and									
improvement services	208,530		4,739,771		-	4,948,301	13,160,619		
Debt service	9,853,645	_		_	6,545,289	16,398,934	16,415,756		
Total expenditures	240,640,297	_	10,289,649	_	6,545,289	257,475,235	252,501,869		
EXCESS (DEFICIENCY) OF REVENUES OVER (UNDER)	0.440.470		(0.400.000)		(2.4=2.22)	(0.700.447)	//o =o / ===\		
EXPENDITURES	9,116,170	_	(9,432,253)	_	(6,473,062)	(6,789,145)	(13,721,757)		
OTHER ENLANGING COURSES (USES)									
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)	040 454		0.000.000			0.040.407	447047		
Sale of/compensation for capital assets	616,451		8,999,986		-	9,616,437	147,347		
Refund of prior year expenditures Refund of prior year revenues	278,505		151,471		(200,007)	429,976	456,546		
Insurance recoveries	(527) 98,681		-		(289,907)	(290,434) 98,681	(5,804)		
Transfers in (reimbursement)	90,001		- 8,978,703		-	8,978,703	- 7,646,256		
Transfers in (non-reimbursement)	-		0,970,703		_	0,970,703	7,040,230		
Transfers out (reimbursement)	(8,978,703)		_		_	(8,978,703)	(7,646,256)		
Transfers out (non-reimbursement)	(0,070,700)		_		_	(0,070,700)	(1,040,200)		
Total other financing sources (uses)	(7,985,593)		18,130,160		(289,907)	9,854,660	598,089		
NET CHANGE IN FUND BALANCES	1,130,577		8,697,907		(6,762,969)	3,065,515	(13,123,668)		
FUND BALANCES									
Beginning of year	19,676,557	_	113,682,769	_	41,066,587	174,425,913	187,549,581		
End of year	\$ 20,807,134	\$	122,380,676	\$	34,303,618	\$ 177,491,428	\$ 174,425,913		

RECONCILIATION OF STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES OF GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS TO CHANGE IN NET POSITION OF GOVERNMENTAL ACTIVITIES ON THE STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES

rear ended June 30, 2022		
NET CHANGE IN FUND BALANCES - GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS		\$ 3,065,515
Amounts reported for governmental activities in the statement of activities are different because:		
Capital outlays are reported in governmental funds as expenditures. However, in the statement of activities, the cost of those assets is allocated over their estimated useful lives and reported as depreciation expense. This is the amount by which depreciation expense and the net book value of disposed of capital assets exceeded capital outlays in the current period.		
Capital outlay expenditures Net book value of disposed capital assets Depreciation expense	\$ 10,297,777 (13,000,000) (14,590,537)	(17,292,760)
Because some taxes will not be collected for several months after the District's fiscal year ends, they are not considered as "available" revenues in the governmental funds. Deferred inflows of resources decreased by this amount this year.		
Deferred inflows of resources June 30, 2021 Deferred inflows of resources June 30, 2022	(2,716,673) 1,805,069	(911,604)
The issuance of long-term debt provides current financial resources to governmental funds, while the repayment of the principal of long-term debt consumes the current financial resources of the governmental funds. Neither transaction, however, has any effect on the change in net assets of governmental activities. Also, governmental funds report the effect of premiums, discounts and similar items when long-term debt is issued, whereas these amounts are deferred and amortized in the statement of activities. This amount is the net effect of these differences in the treatment of long-term debt and related items.		
Repayment of bonds payable Amortization of bond premiums and discounts	9,515,000 1,183,074	10,698,074
Some expenses reported in the statement of activities do not require the use of current financial resources, and, therefore are not reported as expenditures in the governmental funds.		
Current year change in accrued interest payable Current year change in compensated absences Current year change in net pension liability - PSERS and	181,432 260,404	
deferred outflows and inflows Current year change in OPEB liability - single employer and deferred outflows and inflows	8,474,374	
Current year change in net OPEB liability - PSERS and deferred outflows and inflows	(1,002,126)	7,523,074
CHANGE IN NET POSITION OF GOVERNMENTAL ACTIVITIES	(001,010)	\$ 3,082,299
		<u>+ -,30-,-00</u>

STATEMENT OF NET POSITION - PROPRIETARY FUND

June 30, 2022 with summarized comparative totals for 2021

	Major Fund	
		vice Fund
ASSETS AND DEFERRED OUTFLOW OF RESOURCES	<u>2022</u>	<u>2021</u>
CURRENT ASSETS		
Cash	\$3,925,892	\$ 2,002,940
Investments	545,000	-
Due from other funds	24,718	22,404
Due from other governments	216,055	169,961
Other receivables	8,515	13,987
Inventories	392	1,340
Total current assets	4,720,572	2,210,632
NONCURRENT ASSETS		
Capital assets, net	1,228,578	1,107,722
Total assets	5,949,150	3,318,354
DEFERRED OUTFLOW OF RESOURCES		
Deferred charges on proportionate share of pension - PSERS	92,909	107,615
Deferred charges on proportionate share of OPEB - PSERS	6,159	4,937
Total deferred outflows of resources	99,068	112,552
LIABILITIES, DEFERRED INFLOW OF RESOURCES AND NET POSITION		
LIABILITIES		
Accounts payable	275,104	191,121
Due to other funds	3,133	3,661
Unearned revenue	464,522	239,277
Total current liabilities	742,759	434,059
NONCURRENT LIABILITIES		
Accrued compensated absences	16,358	21,600
Net OPEB liability - PSERS	19,880	17,693
Net pension liability - PSERS	343,916	402,566
Total noncurrent liabilities	380,154	441,859
Total liabilities	_1,122,913	875,918
DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES		
Deferred credits on proportionate share of pension - PSERS	74,673	40,468
Deferred credits on proportionate share of OPEB - PSERS	1,842	2,359
Total deferred inflows of resources	76,515	42,827
NET POSITION		
Net investment in capital assets	1,228,578	1,107,722
Unrestricted	3,620,212	1,404,439
Total net position	\$4,848,790	\$ 2,512,161
San accompanying notes		

STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENSES AND CHANGES IN NET POSITION - PROPRIETARY FUND

Year ended June 30, 2022 with summarized comparative totals for 2021

	Major Fund		
	Food Service Fund		
	2022	<u>2021</u>	
OPERATING REVENUES			
Charges for services	\$ 323,512	<u>\$ 19,836</u>	
OPERATING EXPENSES			
Salaries	114,020	121,440	
Employee benefits	76,992	97,998	
Purchased services - food management	2,204,133	1,352,956	
Purchased property services	33,833	57,147	
Other purchased services	37,455	37,637	
Supplies - food costs	2,114,644	1,006,749	
Depreciation	167,607	147,238	
Other	18,026	11,741	
Total operating expenses	4,766,710	2,832,906	
Operating loss	(4,443,198)	(2,813,070)	
NONOPERATING REVENUES			
Earnings on investments	7,494	9,236	
Gain on sale of capital assets	2,649	-	
State sources	231,826	133,939	
Federal sources	6,379,780	2,944,506	
Total nonoperating revenues	6,621,749	3,087,681	
Change in net position before capital contribution	2,178,551	274,611	
Capital contribution	158,078	287,147	
CHANGE IN NET POSITION	2,336,629	561,758	
NET POSITION			
Beginning of year	2,512,161	1,950,403	
End of year	\$ 4,848,790	\$ 2,512,161	

STATEMENT OF CASH FLOWS - PROPRIETARY FUND

Year ended June 30, 2022 with summarized comparative totals for 2021

	Major Fund	
	Food Serv	
CASH FLOWS FROM OPERATING ACTIVITIES	<u>2022</u>	<u>2021</u>
Cash received from charges for services	\$ 305,026	\$ 21,156
Cash payments to employees for services	(205,546)	(217,604)
Cash payments to suppliers for goods and services	(4,063,890)	(2,268,224)
Cash payments for other operating expenses	(18,026)	(11,741)
Net cash used for operating activities	(3,982,436)	(2,476,413)
CASH FLOWS FROM NONCAPITAL FINANCING ACTIVITIES		
State sources	231,826	133,940
Federal sources	6,338,803	2,675,041
Net cash provided by noncapital financing activities	6,570,629	2,808,981
CASH FLOWS FROM CAPITAL AND RELATED FINANCING ACTIVITIES		
Proceeds from sale of capital assets	2,649	- (440.700)
Acquisition of capital assets	(130,384)	(110,702)
Net cash used for capital and related financing activities	(127,735)	(110,702)
CASH FLOWS FROM INVESTING ACTIVITIES	7.404	0.000
Earnings on investments Purchase of investments	7,494	9,236
Proceeds from sale of investments	(545,000)	800,000
Net cash provided by (used for) investing activities	(537,506)	809,236
Net increase in cash	1,922,952	1,031,102
CASH	, ,	, ,
Beginning of year	2,002,940	971,838
End of year	\$ 3,925,892	\$ 2,002,940
Reconciliation of operating loss to net cash provided by (used for) operating activities:		
Operating loss	\$ (4,443,198)	\$ (2,813,070)
Adjustments to reconcile operating loss to net cash	, , ,	,
provided by (used for) operating activities		
Depreciation	167,607	147,238
Donated commodities used	244,085	168,083
(Increase) decrease in		
Due from other funds	(2,314)	468
Other receivables	5,473	(10,970)
Inventories Deferred outflows of resources	948 13,484	3,815
	13,404	(43,095)
Increase (decrease) in Accounts payable	83,984	13,152
Due to other funds	(528)	747
Unearned revenue	(23,959)	12,290
Accrued compensated absences	(5,243)	45
Net OPEB liability	2,187	2,228
Net pension liability	(58,650)	62,399
Deferred inflows of resources	33,688	(19,743)
Net cash used for operating activities	\$ (3,982,436)	\$ (2,476,413)
SUPPLEMENTAL DISCLOSURE		
Noncash noncapital financing activity	A 244 225	A 400 00=
USDA donated commodities	\$ 244,085	\$ 168,083
Noncash capital and related financing activity		
Capital contribution	<u>\$ 158,078</u>	\$ 287,147

STATEMENT OF NET POSITION - FIDUCIARY FUNDS

June 30, 2022 with summarized comparative totals for 2021

	Private Purpose	Custodial	Tot	tals
	<u>Trust</u>	Fund	2022	2021
ASSETS Cash	\$ 20,827	\$ 570,495	\$ 591,322	\$ 623,520
LIABILITIES Accounts payable	-	-		
NET POSITION Restricted for				
Scholarships Student activities	20,827	- 570,495	20,827 570,495	23,768 599,752
Total net position	\$ 20,827	\$570,495	\$591,322	\$623,520

STATEMENT OF CHANGES IN NET POSITION - FIDUCIARY FUNDS

Year ended June 30, 2022 with summarized comparative totals for 2021

	Private-			
	Purpose	Custodial	Tot	als
	Trust Fund	Fund	<u> 2022</u>	<u>2021</u>
ADDITIONS				
Receipts from student groups	\$ -	\$874,696	\$874,696	\$ 234,751
Local contributions	6,809		6,809	8,129
Total additions	6,809	874,696	881,505	242,880
DEDUCTIONS				
Scholarships awarded and fees paid	9,750	-	9,750	5,248
Student activity disbursements		903,953	903,953	278,961
Total deductions	9,750	903,953	913,703	284,209
CHANGE IN NET POSITION	(2,941)	(29,257)	(32,198)	(41,329)
NET POSITION				
Beginning of year	23,768	599,752	623,520	664,849
End of year	\$20,827	\$570,495	\$591,322	\$623,520

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

June 30, 2022

(1) SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

The Downingtown Area School District (the "District") operates ten elementary schools, three middle schools and three high schools to provide education and related services to the residents of the Borough of Downingtown and the Townships of East Brandywine, East Cain, Upper Uwchlan, Uwchlan, Wallace, West Bradford and West Pikeland. The District operates under current standards prescribed by the Pennsylvania Department of Education in accordance with the provisions of the School Laws of Pennsylvania as a school district of the third class. The District operates under a locally elected nine-member board form of government (the "School Board").

The financial statements of the District have been prepared in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles ("GAAP") as applied to governmental units. The Governmental Accounting Standards Board ("GASB") is the authoritative standard-setting body for the establishment of governmental accounting and financial reporting principles. The more significant of these accounting policies are as follows:

Reporting Entity

GASB has established the criteria for determining the activities, organizations and functions of government to be included in the financial statements of the reporting entity. In evaluating the District as a reporting entity, management has addressed all potential component units which may or may not fall within the District's accountability. The criteria used to evaluate component units for possible inclusion as part of the District's reporting entity are financial accountability and the nature and significance of the relationship. The District is considered to be an independent reporting entity and has no component units.

Basis of Presentation

Government-Wide Financial Statements

The statement of net position and the statement of activities display information about the District as a whole. These statements distinguish between activities that are governmental and those that are considered business-type activities. These statements include the financial activities of the primary government except for fiduciary funds.

The government-wide financial statements are prepared using the economic resources measurement focus and the accrual basis of accounting. Revenues are recorded when earned and expenses are recorded when a liability is incurred, regardless of timing of related cash flow. This is the same approach used in the preparation of the proprietary fund financial statements but differs from the manner in which governmental fund financial statements are prepared as further defined below. Therefore, governmental fund financial statements include a reconciliation with brief explanations to better identify the relationship between the government-wide statements and the statements of governmental funds.

The government-wide statement of net position presents the financial position of the District which is the difference between assets and deferred outflows of resources and liabilities and deferred inflows of resources and is classified in one of three components. Net investment in capital assets consists of capital assets net of accumulated depreciation and reduced by the outstanding balances of borrowing attributable to acquiring, constructing or improving those assets. The net position of the District is reported as restricted when constraints placed on net position use is either externally imposed by creditors (such as through debt covenants), grantors, contributors or laws or regulations of other governments or imposed by law through constitutional provisions or enabling legislation. Unrestricted net position is the net position that does not meet the definition of "net investment in capital assets" or "restricted net position."

The statement of net position includes separate sections for deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources. Deferred outflows of resources represent a consumption of net position that applies to future periods and so will not be recognized as an outflow of resources (expense) until that time. Deferred inflows of resources represent an acquisition of net position that applies to future periods and so will not be recognized as an inflow of resources (revenue) until that time.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

June 30, 2022

The government-wide statement of activities presents a comparison between expenses and program revenues for each function of the business-type activities of the District and for each governmental function. Expenses are those that are specifically associated with a service or program and are therefore clearly identifiable to a particular function. Program revenues include charges paid by the recipients of the goods or services offered by the programs and grants and contributions that are restricted to meeting the operational or capital requirements of a particular function. Revenues which are not classified as program revenues are presented as general revenues. The comparison of program revenues and expenses identifies the extent to which each function is self-financing or draws from the general revenues of the District.

Except for interfund activity and balances between the funds that underlie governmental activities and the funds that underlie business-type activities, which are reported as transfers and internal balances, the effect of interfund activity has been removed from these statements.

Fund Financial Statements

During the school year, the District segregates transactions related to certain District functions or activities in separate funds in order to aid financial management and to demonstrate legal compliance. Fund financial statements report detailed information about the District. The focus of governmental and proprietary fund financial statements is on major funds rather than reporting funds by type. Each major fund is presented in a separate column. Fiduciary fund financial statements are presented by fund type.

Governmental Funds

All governmental funds are accounted for using the modified accrual basis of accounting and the current financial resources measurement focus. Under this basis, revenues are recognized in the accounting period in which they become measurable and available. Expenditures are recognized in the accounting period in which the fund liability is incurred, if measurable. The District reports the following major governmental funds:

The General Fund is the District's primary operating fund. It accounts for all financial resources of the general government, except those required to be accounted for in another fund.

The Capital Projects Fund accounts for financial resources restricted, committed or assigned to be used for capital expenditures or for the acquisition, construction of capital facilities, improvements and/or equipment.

The Debt Service Fund is used to account for financial resources committed or restricted for the payment of long-term debt principal, interest and other related costs.

Revenue Recognition

In applying the "susceptible to accrual concept" under the modified accrual basis, revenues are considered to be available when they are collectible within the current period or soon enough thereafter to pay liabilities of the current period. For this purpose, the District considers tax revenue to be available if collected within 60 days of the end of the fiscal period. Deferred inflows of resources are reported in connection with receivables for tax revenues that are not considered to be available to liquidate liabilities of the current period. Revenue from federal, state and other grants designated for payment of specific District expenditures is recognized when the related expenditures are incurred; accordingly, when such funds are received, they are reported as unearned revenues until earned. Other receipts are recorded as revenue when received in cash because they are generally not measurable until actually received.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

June 30, 2022

Expenditure Recognition

The measurement focus of governmental fund accounting is on decreases in net financial resources (expenditures) rather than expenses. Most expenditures are measurable and are recorded when the related fund liability is incurred. However, debt service expenditures, as well as expenditures related to compensated absences, special termination benefits, other post-employment benefits and claims and judgments are recorded only when payment is due. Allocations of costs, such as depreciation and amortization, are not recognized in the governmental funds.

Proprietary Funds

Like the government-wide financial statements, proprietary funds are accounted for using the economic resources measurement focus and the accrual basis of accounting. These funds account for operations that are primarily financed by user charges. The economic resource focus concerns determining costs as a means of maintaining the capital investment and management control. Revenues are recognized when they are earned and expenses are recognized when they are incurred. Allocations of certain costs, such as depreciation, are recorded in proprietary funds. The District reports the following proprietary funds:

The Food Service Fund accounts for the revenues and costs of providing meals to students during the school year.

These funds distinguish operating revenues and expenses from nonoperating items. Operating revenues and expenses generally result from providing services and producing and delivering goods in connection with the proprietary funds' principal ongoing operations. The principal operating revenues of the District's proprietary fund are charges for services. Operating expenses for the District's proprietary fund include payroll, employee benefits, supplies and administrative costs. All revenues or expenses not meeting this definition are reported as nonoperating revenues and expenses.

Fiduciary Funds

Fiduciary funds reporting focuses on net assets and changes in net assets and are accounted for using the economic resources measurement focus and the accrual basis of accounting. The fiduciary fund category is split into four classifications: pension trust funds, investment trust funds, private-purpose trust funds and custodial funds. The private-purpose trust fund accounts for activities in various scholarship accounts, whose sole purpose is to provide annual scholarships to particular students as described by donor stipulations. Custodial funds are used to account for assets held on behalf of individuals and/or government units and are, therefore, not available to support the District's own programs. The District has one custodial fund consisting of funds held on behalf of the students.

Cash and Cash Equivalents

The District's cash and cash equivalents are considered to be cash on hand, demand deposits and short-term investments with original maturities of three months or less from the date of acquisition.

Investments

Investments are stated at fair value based upon quoted market prices, except for certificates of deposit which are recorded at cost and external investment pools which are recorded at amortized cost, both of which approximate fair value.

Fair Value Measurements of Assets and Liabilities

GAAP defines fair value as the price that would be received to sell an asset or paid to transfer a liability in an orderly transaction between market participants at the measurement date. GAAP establishes a fair value hierarchy for inputs used in measuring fair value that maximizes the use of observable inputs and minimizes the use of unobservable inputs by requiring that the most observable inputs be used when available. Observable inputs are those that market participants would use in pricing the asset or liability based on market data obtained from sources independent of the District. Unobservable inputs reflect the District's assumptions about the inputs market participants would use in pricing the asset or liability based on the best information available in the circumstances. The fair value hierarchy is categorized into three levels based on the inputs as follows:

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

June 30, 2022

Level 1 – Valuations based on quoted prices in active markets for identical assets or liabilities that the District has the ability to access. Since valuations are based on quoted prices that are readily and regularly available in an active market, valuation of these assets and liabilities does not require a significant degree of judgment.

Level 2 – Valuations based on quoted prices in markets that are not active or for which all significant inputs are observable, either directly or indirectly.

Level 3 – Valuations based on inputs that are unobservable, that is, inputs that reflect the District's own assumptions.

Interfund Receivables and Payables

Activity between funds that are representative of lending/borrowing arrangements outstanding at the end of the fiscal year are referred to as either "due to/due from other funds" (i.e., the current portion of interfund loans) or "advances to/from other funds" (i.e., the noncurrent portion of interfund loans). Any residual balances outstanding between the governmental activities and business-type activities are reported in the government-wide financial statements as "internal balances."

Property Taxes

Taxes are levied on July 1 and are payable in the following periods:

July 1 – August 31 September 1 – October 31

November 1 to collection

1-----

January 15

- Discount period, 2% of gross levy

- Face period

Penalty period, 10% of gross levy

Lien date

The County Board of Assessments determines assessed valuations of property and the District's taxes are billed and collected by a third-party tax collector. The tax on real estate for public school purposes for fiscal 2021-2022 was 27.726 mills (\$27.726 for \$1,000 of assessed valuation) for Chester County. The District experiences very small losses from uncollectible property taxes. Property taxes constitute a lien against real property and usually can be collected in full when title transfers. Only balances that remain after tax sales are written off each year. Accordingly, an allowance for doubtful accounts has not been established by the District for property taxes receivable.

Taxpayers within the District have the option of paying in four installments. These installments have the following due dates:

Installment One - July 31
Installment Two - August 31
Installment Three - September 30
Installment Four - October 31

The discount (two percent) is not applicable to installment payments; however, the penalty (10 percent) will be added if the second, third and fourth installments are paid subsequent to the due dates.

Prepaid Items and Inventories

Certain payments to vendors reflect costs applicable to future accounting periods and are recorded as prepaid items in the government-wide and fund financial statements.

All inventories are valued at the lower of cost (first-in, first-out method) or market.

Unearned Revenues

Unearned revenue arises when assets are recognized before revenue recognition criteria have been satisfied.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

June 30, 2022

Capital Assets

Capital assets, which include property, plant and equipment, are reported in the applicable governmental or business-type activities columns in the government-wide financial statements and the proprietary fund financial statements. Capital assets are defined by the District as assets with an initial individual cost of more than \$5,000 and an estimated useful life in excess of one year. Such assets are recorded at historical cost if purchased or constructed. Donated capital assets are recorded at estimated fair value at the date of donation.

The costs of normal maintenance and repairs that do not add to the value of the asset or materially extend assets' lives are not capitalized.

Major outlays for capital assets and improvements are capitalized as projects are constructed, inclusive of ancillary costs.

Property, plant and equipment (net of salvage value) of the District is depreciated using the straight-line method over the following estimated useful lives: buildings and improvements – 15-50 years, land improvements – 15-40 years and furniture and equipment – 5-20 years.

Impairment of Long-Lived Assets

The District evaluates prominent events or changes in circumstances affecting capital assets to determine whether impairment of a capital asset has occurred. A capital asset is generally considered impaired if both (a) the decline in service utility of the capital asset is large in magnitude and (b) the event or change in circumstances is outside the normal life cycle of the capital asset. If a capital asset is considered to be impaired, the amount of impairment is measured by the method that most reflects the decline in service utility of the capital asset at the lower of carrying value or fair value for impaired capital assets that will no longer be used by the District. No impairment losses were recognized in the year ended June 30, 2022.

Compensated Absences

District policies permit employees to accumulate earned but unused vacation days. The liability for these compensated absences is recorded as a noncurrent liability in the government-wide financial statements. A liability for these amounts is recorded in the Governmental Funds financial statements only to the extent they have matured, for example, as a result of employee resignation and retirements.

Sick Leave

Employees that retire under the Pennsylvania School Employees Retirement System ("**PSERS**") are paid at per diem rates ranging from \$45 to \$55 for each unused sick leave day.

Accrued Severance

Administrative personnel that retire under PSERS are eligible to receive a lump sum severance payment at retirement. The payment is based on a formula as follows: 1.5% multiplied by years of service multiplied by highest salary.

Vacation and Personal Days

District employees that work on a twelve-month schedule are credited with vacation and personal days at rates which vary with length of service and job classification.

Long-Term Obligations

In the government-wide and proprietary fund financial statements, long-term debt and other long-term obligations are reported as liabilities. Bonds payable are reported net of the applicable bond premium or discount. Bond premiums and discounts are deferred and amortized over the life of the bonds. Deferred amounts on refunding are recorded as a deferred outflow of resources and amortized over the life of the old debt or the life of the new debt, whichever is shorter. All amounts are amortized using the straight-line method.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

June 30, 2022

In the fund financial statements, governmental fund types recognize bond premiums and discounts, as well as bond issuance costs, during the current period. The face amount of debt issued is reported as other financing sources and uses. Premiums received and discounts paid on debt issuances are reported as other financing sources and uses. Issuance costs, whether or not withheld from the actual debt proceeds received, are reported as debt service expenditures except for refundings paid from proceeds which are reported as other financing costs.

Fund Equity

As prescribed by GASB, governmental funds report fund balance in classifications based primarily on the extent to which the District is bound to honor constraints on the specific purposes for which amounts in the fund can be spent. The District reports the following fund balance classifications:

Nonspendable

Nonspendable fund balances are amounts that cannot be spent because they are either (a) not in spendable form – such as inventory or prepaid insurance or (b) legally or contractually required to be maintained intact – such as a trust that must be retained in perpetuity.

Restricted

Restricted fund balances are restricted when constraints placed on the use of resources are either (a) externally imposed by creditors, grantors, contributors or laws or regulations of other governments or (b) imposed by law through constitutional provisions or enabling legislation.

Committed

Committed fund balances are amounts that can only be used for specific purposes determined by a formal action of the District's highest level of decision-making authority, the School Board. Committed amounts cannot be used for any other purpose unless the School Board removes those constraints by taking the same type of formal action.

Assigned

Assigned fund balances are amounts that are constrained by the District's intent to be used for specific purposes, but are neither restricted nor committed. Intent is expressed by (a) the Chief Financial Officer or (b) an appointed body (e.g., finance committee) or (c) an official to which the District has delegated the authority to assign, modify or rescind amounts to be used for specific purposes.

Assigned fund balance includes (a) all remaining amounts that are reported in governmental funds (other than the General Fund) that are not classified as non-spendable, restricted or committed, and (b) amounts in the General Fund that are intended to be used for a specific purpose. Specific amounts that are not restricted or committed in a special revenue fund or the capital projects fund are assigned for purposes in accordance with the nature of their fund type.

Unassigned

Unassigned fund balance is the residual classification for the General Fund. This classification represents General Fund fund balance that has not been assigned to other funds, and that has not been restricted, committed or assigned to specific purposes within the General Fund.

When both restricted and unrestricted resources are available for use, it is the District's policy to use externally restricted resources first, then unrestricted resources—committed, assigned or unassigned—in order as needed.

Use of Estimates

The preparation of financial statements in conformity with generally accepted accounting principles requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect certain reported amounts and disclosures. Accordingly, actual results could differ from those estimates.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

June 30, 2022

Implementation of New Accounting Pronouncements

Effective July 1, 2021, the District adopted the provisions of GASB Statement No.87 "Leases", GASB Statement No. 89, "Accounting for Interest Cost Incurred Before the End of a Construction Period"; GASB Statement No. 91, "Conduit Debt Obligations", and GASB Statement No. 92, "Omnibus 2020".

The objective of GASB Statement No. 87 is to better meet the information needs of financial statement users by improving accounting and financial reporting for leases by governments. GASB Statement No. 87 increases the usefulness of financial statements by requiring recognition of certain lease assets and liabilities for leases that previously were classified as operating leases and recognized as inflows of resources or outflows of resources based on the payment provisions of the contract. It establishes a single model for lease accounting based on the foundational principle that leases are financings of the right to use an underlying asset. Under GASB Statement No. 87, a lessee is required to recognize a lease liability and an intangible right-to-use lease asset, and a lessor is required to recognize a lease receivable and a deferred inflow of resources, thereby enhancing the relevance and consistency of information about leasing activities. The implementation of GASB Statement No. 87 had no impact on the financial statements of the District for the year ended June 30, 2022.

The objectives of GASB Statement No. 89 are (1) to enhance the relevance and comparability of information about capital assets and the cost of borrowing for a reporting period and (2) to simplify accounting for interest cost incurred before the end of a construction period. GASB Statement No. 89 establishes accounting required for interest cost incurred before the end of a construction period. Such interest costs include all interest that previously was accounted for in accordance with the requirements of GASB Statement No. 62, "Codification of Accounting and Financial Reporting Guidance Contained in Pre-November 30, 1989 FASB and AICPA Pronouncements", which are superseded by GASB Statement No. 89. GASB Statement No. 89 requires that interest cost incurred before the end of a construction period be recognized as an expense in the period in which the cost is incurred for financial statements prepared using the economic resources measurement focus. As a result, interest cost incurred before the end of a construction period will not be included in the historical cost of a capital asset reported in a business-type activity or enterprise fund. GASB Statement No. 89 also reiterates that in financial statements prepared using the current financial resources measurement focus, interest cost incurred before the end of a construction period should be recognized as an expenditure on a basis consistent with government fund accounting principles. The implementation of GASB Statement No. 89 had no impact on the financial statements of the District for the year ended June 30, 2022.

GASB Statement No. 91 provides a single method of reporting conduit debt obligations by issuers and eliminate diversity in practice associated with (1) commitments extended by issuers, (2) arrangements associated with conduit debt obligations, and (3) related note disclosures. This Statement achieves those objectives by clarifying the existing definition of a conduit debt obligation; establishing that a conduit debt obligation is not a liability of the issuer; establishing standards for accounting and financial reporting of additional commitments and voluntary commitments extended by issuers and arrangements associated with conduit debt obligations; and improving required note disclosures. The implementation of GASB Statement No. 91 had no impact on the District's financial statements for the year ended June 30, 2022.

GASB Statement No. 92 addresses a variety of topics to enhance comparability in accounting and financial reporting and improve consistency of authoritative literature by addressing practice issues that have been identified during implementation and application of certain GASB Statements. The implementation of GASB Statement No. 92 had no impact on the District's financial statements for the year ended June 30, 2022.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

June 30, 2022

New Accounting Pronouncements

GASB Statement No. 94, "Public-Private and Public-Public Partnerships and Availability Payment Arrangements" will be effective for the District for the year ended June 30, 2023. GASB Statement No. 94 improves financial reporting by addressing issues related to public-private and public-public partnership arrangements ("PPP"s). As used in this Statement, a PPP is an arrangement in which a government (the transferor) contracts with an operator (a governmental or nongovernmental entity) to provide public services by conveying control of the right to operate or use a nonfinancial asset, such as infrastructure or other capital asset (the underlying PPP asset), for a period of time in an exchange or exchange-like transaction. Some PPPs meet the definition of a service concession arrangement (SCA), which the Board defines in this Statement as a PPP in which (1) the operator collects and is compensated by fees from third parties; (2) the transferor determines or has the ability to modify or approve which services the operator is required to provide, to whom the operator is required to provide the services, and the prices or rates that can be charged for the services; and (3) the transferor is entitled to significant residual interest in the service utility of the underlying PPP asset at the end of the arrangement.

GASB Statement No. 96, "Subscription-Based Information Technology Arrangements" will be effective for the District for the year ended June 30, 2023. This Statement provides guidance on the accounting and financial reporting for subscription-based information technology arrangements ("SBITA"s) for government end users (governments). This Statement (1) defines a SBITA; (2) establishes that a SBITA results in a right-to-use subscription asset—an intangible asset—and a corresponding subscription liability; (3) provides the capitalization criteria for outlays other than subscription payments, including implementation costs of a SBITA; and (4) requires note disclosures regarding a SBITA. To the extent relevant, the standards for SBITAs are based on the standards established in Statement No. 87, Leases, as amended.

(2) STEWARDSHIP, COMPLIANCE AND ACCOUNTABILITY

Budgetary Information

An annual budget is adopted prior to the beginning of each year for the General Fund on a modified accrual basis of accounting. The General Fund is the only fund for which a budget is legally required, although project-length financial plans are adopted for the Capital Projects fund.

The District is required to make available for public inspection within 20 days of final adoption the proposed budget. Public notice of the intent to adopt the final budget is required to be done 10 days prior to the adoption date.

After the legal adoption of the budget, the School Board is required to file a copy of the budget with the Pennsylvania Department of Education by July 31. Additional copies of the budget also are required to be filed with the House Education Committee and the Senate Education Committee by September 15.

Legal budgetary control is maintained at the sub-function/major object level. The School Board may make transfers of funds appropriated in any particular item of expenditure by legislative action in accordance with Pennsylvania School Code. Management may amend the budget at the sub-function/sub-object level without approval from the School Board. Appropriations lapse at the end of the fiscal period.

(3) DEPOSITS AND INVESTMENTS

State statutes authorize the District to invest in U.S. Treasury bills, time or share accounts of institutions insured by the Federal Deposit Insurance Corporation or in certificates of deposit when they are secured by proper bond or collateral, repurchase agreements, state treasurer's investment pools or mutual funds.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

June 30, 2022

Deposits

Custodial Credit Risk

Custodial credit risk is the risk that in the event of a bank failure, the government's deposits may not be returned. At June 30, 2022, the carrying amount of the District's deposits was \$106,334,719 and the bank balance was \$110,833,552. The District is required by state statute to deposit funds in depositories that are either banks, banking institutions or trust companies located in the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania. To the extent that such deposits exceed federal insurance, the depositories much pledge as collateral obligations of the United States, Commonwealth of Pennsylvania or any political subdivision. Under Act 72 of 1971, as amended, the depositories may meet this collateralization requirement by pooling appropriate securities to cover all public funds on deposit. Of the bank balance, \$1,865,207 was covered by federal depository insurance, and \$69,566,589 was collateralized by the District's depositories in accordance with Act 72 and the collateral was held by the depositories' agent in pooled public funds. The remaining cash deposits of the District are in the Pennsylvania School District Liquid Asset Fund ("PSDLAF"). Although not registered with the Securities and Exchange Commission and not subject to regulatory oversight, PSDLAF acts like a money market mutual fund in that its objective is to maintain a stable net asset value of \$1 per share, and is rated by a nationally recognized statistical rating organization and is subject to an independent annual audit. As of June 30, 2022, PSDLAF was rated as AAA by a nationally recognized statistical rating agency.

Investments

State statutes authorize the District to invest in U.S. Treasury bills, time or share accounts of institutions insured by the Federal Deposit Insurance Corporation or in certificates of deposit when they are secured by proper bond or collateral, repurchase agreements, state treasurer's investment pools or mutual funds.

As of June 30, 2022, the District had the following investments:

		Investment Maturities (In Years)			'S)
Investment Type	<u>Fair Value</u>	Less than 1	<u>1 – 5</u>	<u>6 – 10</u>	<u>11 – 15</u>
Certificates of deposit PDLAF collateralized	\$ 12,100,934	\$12,100,934	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -
investment pools	68,125,096	68,125,096	-	-	-
U.S. Treasury strips	23,475,284			23,475,284	
	<u>\$103,701,314</u>	\$80,226,030	\$ -	<u>\$23,475,284</u>	\$ -

PSDLAF collateralized investment pools are fully collateralized by U.S. government agency and treasury obligations and certificates of deposit. PSDLAF collateralized investment pools and U.S. Treasury strips were valued using Level 2 inputs.

Custodial Credit Risk

For an investment, custodial credit risk is the risk that, in the event of the failure of the counterparty, the District will not be able to recover the value of its investments or collateral that is in the possession of an outside party. The collateral for all of the District's investments are held by the pledging bank's agent in the District's name. The District had no investments subject to custodial credit risk as of June 30, 2022.

Interest Rate Risk

The District's investment policy limits investment maturities in accordance with state statues as a means of managing it exposure to fair value losses arising from increasing interest rates.

Credit Risk

The District's investment policy limits its investments that are not backed by the "full faith and credit" of the federal or state government to those with the highest credit rating available for such investments issued by a recognized statistical rating organization.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

June 30, 2022

Restricted Deposits and Investments

The District maintains restricted cash and investment balances held by fiscal agents, which are restricted for the repayment of Qualified School Construction Bonds (See Note 7). The total carrying amounts and related bank balances of these cash and investment accounts are \$23,475,284 as of June 30, 2022, which are invested in U.S. Treasury securities.

(4) PROPERTY TAXES

Taxes receivable consisted of the following as of June 30, 2022:

Real estate taxes	\$2,289,306
Real estate transfer taxes	481,107
Earned income taxes	199,953
Local services tax	279
	\$2,970,645

A detailed analysis of current year property tax revenues for the year ended June 30, 2022 are as follows:

Assessed value, July 1, 2021 Millage rate	\$5,721,982,227 0.027726
Gross property tax levy	158,647,679
Add: Penalties paid	245,662
Less: Discounts Assessment changes and exonerations Property tax relief allocation Taxes uncollected at December 31, 2021 and liened	(2,796,921) (1,059,177) (4,010,319) (2,176,096) \$ 148,850,828

(5) INTERNAL RECEIVABLES, PAYABLES AND TRANSFERS

The composition of interfund balances as of June 30, 2022 is as follows:

Receivable To	<u>Amount</u>	Payable From	<u>Amount</u>
Capital Projects Fund	\$8,978,703	General Fund	\$8,978,703
Food Service Fund	24,718	General Fund	24,718
General Fund	3,133	Food Service Fund	3,133
	<u>\$9,006,554</u>		<u>\$9,006,554</u>

Interfund balances between funds represent temporary loans recorded at year-end as the result of a final allocation of expenses.

A summary of interfund transfers for the year ended June 30, 2022 is as follows:

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

June 30, 2022

Transfers In	<u>Amount</u>	Transfers Out	<u>Amount</u>
Capital Projects Fund		General Fund	
(reimbursement for technology)	\$4,139,379	(reimbursement for technology)	\$4,139,379
Capital Projects Fund		General Fund	
(reimbursement for facilities)	3,069,530	(reimbursement for facilities)	3,069,530
Capital Projects Fund		General Fund	
(reimbursement for curriculum/		(reimbursement for curriculum/	
other)	1,769,794	other)	1,769,794
	\$8,978,703		\$8,978,703

Transfers from General Fund and Capital Projects Fund represents transfers to subsidize costs associated with the acquisition of capital assets.

(6) CAPITAL ASSETS

Capital asset activity for the year ended June 30, 2022 was as follows:

	Beginning <u>Balance</u>	Increases	<u>Decreases</u>	Ending <u>Balance</u>
Governmental activities				
Capital assets not being depreciated Construction in progress Land	\$ 1,367,681 44,624,718	\$ 10,290,049 	\$ 9,639,770 	\$ 2,017,960 31,624,718
Total capital assets not being depreciated	45,992,399	10,290,049	22,639,770	33,642,678
Capital assets being depreciated Buildings and improvements Land improvements Furniture and equipment	380,090,179 20,251,423 29,915,050	3,582,876 - 6,064,622	57,893 1,481,304	383,673,055 20,193,530 34,498,368
Total capital assets being depreciated	430,256,652	9,647,498	1,539,197	438,364,953
Less accumulated depreciation for Buildings and improvements Land improvements Furniture and equipment	(137,666,923) (16,533,594) (14,608,023)	(8,824,805) (639,551) (5,126,181)	(57,893) (1,481,304)	(146,491,728) (17,115,252) (18,252,900)
Total accumulated depreciation	(168,808,540)	(14,590,537)	(1,539,197)	(181,859,880)
Total capital assets being depreciated, net	261,448,112	(4,943,039)		256,505,073
Governmental activities, net	\$ 307,440,511	<u>\$ 5,347,010</u>	\$22,639,770	\$ 290,147,751
Business-type activities Machinery and equipment Less accumulated depreciation	\$ 3,425,482 (2,317,760)	\$ 288,463 (167,607)	\$ 147,898 (147,898)	\$ 3,566,047 (2,337,469)
Business-type activities, net	<u>\$ 1,107,722</u>	<u>\$ 120,856</u>	\$ -	<u>\$ 1,228,578</u>

Depreciation expense was charged to functions/programs of the District as follows:

Governmental activities

Unallocated <u>\$14,590,537</u>

Business-type activities

Food service \$ 167,607

As of June 30, 2022, the District had outstanding construction commitments totaling \$5,671,512 for various renovations to District buildings.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

June 30, 2022

(7) LONG-TERM DEBT

General Obligation Debt

General obligation debt is a direct obligation of the District for which full faith and credit are pledged and is payable from unrestricted resources. The District has not pledged any assets as collateral for general obligation debt. General obligation debt was issued to finance capital expenditures or to finance the retirement (refund) of prior general obligation debt.

General obligation debt outstanding as of June 30, 2022 consisted of the following:

<u>Description</u>	Interest Rate(s)	Original Issue Amount	Final <u>Maturity</u>	Principal <u>Outstanding</u>
General obligation bonds				
Series of 2017	0.75% - 5.00%	\$16,910,000	11/01/2029	\$ 15,910,000
Series of 2018A	2.00% - 5.00%	\$14,635,000	08/01/2029	11,120,000
Series of 2018B	2.00% - 5.00%	\$32,620,000	08/01/2022	8,495,000
Series of 2018C	2.00% - 5.00%	\$26,655,000	08/01/2032	26,080,000
Total general obligation bo	nds			61,605,000
Qualified school construction bo	nds			
Series of 2010A	5.00%	\$28,303,000	09/15/2027	28,303,000
Series of 2011C	5.088%	\$11,766,000	09/15/2029	<u>11,766,000</u>
Total qualified school				
construction bonds				40,069,000
Total general obligation	debt			\$101,674,000

Qualified School Construction Bonds

The District participates in the Qualified School Construction Bonds ("QSCB") program sponsored by the State Public School Building Authority ("SPSBA"). The SPSBA was formed by the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania for the purpose of financing the construction and improvement of public school facilities under the jurisdiction of the Pennsylvania Department of Education. The QSCB program was created by the American Recovery and Reinvestment Act ("ARRA") and allows schools to borrow at nominal or zero percent to fund new construction, renovation and rehabilitation of schools as well as the purchase of land and equipment. The SPSBA issues the bonds through the QSCB program and provides loans to schools for qualified projects. Under the QSCB program SPSBA receives direct interest subsidy payments from the United States Treasury which are then transferred to the borrowers as reimbursement of the interest portion of their loan payments. On October 6, 2010, the District borrowed \$28,303,000 from the SPSBA under the QSCB program. The District is required to deposit \$1,664,882 annually into a sinking fund through the maturity date of September 15, 2027. On November 1, 2011, the District borrowed \$11,766,000 from the SPSBA under the QSCB program. The District is required to deposit \$734,750 annually into a sinking fund through the maturity date of September 15, 2029. Sinking fund deposits are included as restricted assets held by fiscal agent in the accompanying financial statements.

The following summarizes the changes in general obligation debt for the year ended June 30, 2022:

Governmental activities General obligation bonds	Balance <u>July 1, 2021</u>	<u>Increases</u>	<u>Decreases</u>	Balance June 30, 2022	Amount Due Within One Year
Series of 2017	\$ 15,995,000	\$ -	\$ 85,000	\$ 15,910,000	\$ 60,000
Series of 2018A	12,005,000	-	885,000	11,120,000	1,165,000
Series of 2018B	16,845,000	-	8,350,000	8,495,000	8,495,000
Series of 2018C	26,275,000	-	195,000	26,080,000	215,000

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

June 30, 2022

Qualified school construction bonds					
Series of 2010A	28,303,000	-	-	28,303,000	-
Series of 2011C	11,766,000			11,766,000	
Subtotal	111,189,000	-	9,515,000	101,674,000	9,935,000
Bond premiums	7,208,088	-	1,192,037	6,016,051	1,192,037
Bond discounts	(70,029)		(8,963)	(61,066)	(8,963)
Total general obligation debt	\$118,327,059	\$ -	\$10,698,074	\$107,628,98 <u>5</u>	\$11,118,074

Annual debt service requirements to maturity on these obligations are as follows:

Year ending June 30,	Principal <u>Maturities</u>	Interest <u>Maturities</u>	Debt Sinking Fund	<u>Total</u>
2023	\$ 9,935,000	\$ 2,641,213	\$ 2,399,632	\$14,975,845
2024	3,240,000	2,364,178	2,399,632	8,003,810
2025	3,350,000	2,253,728	2,399,632	8,003,360
2026	3,485,000	2,118,240	2,399,632	8,002,872
2027	3,655,000	1,945,840	2,399,632	8,000,472
2028-2032	70,204,000	6,008,683	(36,200,068)	40,012,615
2033	7,805,000	<u>195,125</u>	<u> </u>	8,000,125
	\$101,674,000	\$17,527,007	<u>\$(24,201,908)</u>	\$94,999,099

Interest maturities presented are net of the direct interest subsidy payments from the United States Treasury to reimburse interest expense on the District's Series of 2010A and 2011C QSCB bonds. The amount of the subsidy is \$1,965,689 each year through 2023, \$9,144,927 from 2024-2028 and \$897,981 from 2029-2030.

(8) NONCURRENT LIABILITIES

The following summarizes the changes in noncurrent liabilities for the year ended June 30, 2022:

	Balance	Ingresses	Deersess	Balance
Governmental activities	<u>July 1, 2021</u>	<u>Increases</u>	<u>Decreases</u>	<u>June 30, 2022</u>
Compensated absences	\$ 3,058,400	\$ -	\$ 260,404	\$ 2,797,996
OPEB liability	16,513,999	397,959	-	16,911,958
Net OPEB liability – PSERS	15,396,720	1,903,966	-	17,300,686
Net pension liability - PSERS	350,326,945		<u>51,038,846</u>	299,288,099
Total governmental activities	385,296,064	2,301,925	51,299,250	336,298,739
Business-type activities				
Compensated absences	21,600	-	5,242	16,358
Net OPEB liability – PSERS	17,693	2,187	-	19,880
Net pension liability - PSERS	402,566		<u>58,650</u>	343,916
Total business-type activities	441,859	2,187	63,892	380,154
Total noncurrent liabilities	\$385,737,923	\$2,304,112	\$51,363,142	\$336,678,893

(9) OTHER POST-EMPLOYMENT BENEFITS

Single-Employer Defined Benefit OPEB Plan

The District's other post-employment benefits ("OPEB") include a single-employer defined benefit plan that provides medical, prescription, dental and vision benefits to certain retirees and their spouse. The School Board has the authority to establish and amend benefit provisions. The OPEB Plan does not issue any financial report and is not included in the report of any public employee retirement system or any other entity.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

June 30, 2022

OPEB Plan Membership

Membership in the OPEB plan consisted of the following at July 1, 2020:

Active employees	1,432
Vested former participants	0
Retired participants	87
Total	_1,519

Funding Policy

The District's contributions are funded on a pay-as-you-go basis. The contribution requirements of retirees are established and may be amended by the School Board.

OPEB Liability

The District's OPEB liability has been measured as of June 30, 2022. The total OPEB liability was determined by an actuarial valuation as of July 1, 2020, and by rolling forward the liabilities from the July 1, 2020 actuarial valuation through the measurement date. No significant events or changes in assumptions occurred between the valuation date and the fiscal year end. The OPEB liability is \$16,911,658, all of which is unfunded. As of June 30, 2022, the OPEB liability of \$16,911,658 is related to the governmental funds and is recorded in the governmental activities in the government-wide statement of net position.

The District's change in its OPEB liability for the year ended June 30, 2022 was as follows:

Balances as of July 1, 2021	<u>\$16,513,999</u>
Changes for the year: Service cost Interest on total OPEB liability Differences between projected and actual experience Changes in assumptions Benefit payments	1,478,830 326,104 - (557,099) (849,876)
Net changes	397,959
Balances as of June 30, 2022	<u>\$16,911,958</u>

OPEB Expense, and Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflows of Resources Related to OPEB

For the year ended June 30, 2022, the District recognized OPEB expense of \$1,737,489. At June 30, 2022, the District had deferred inflows of resources and deferred outflows of resources related to the OPEB plan from the following sources:

	Deferred Outflows of Resources	Deferred Inflows of Resources	
Difference between expected and actual experience Changes of assumptions Contributions subsequent to the measurement date	\$ - 1,365,681 735,363	\$1,219,817 1,031,385	
Contributions subsequent to the measurement date	\$2,101,044	\$2,251,202	

\$735,363 reported as deferred outflows of resources related to OPEB resulting from District contributions subsequent to the measurement date will be recognized as a reduction of the OPEB liability in the year ended June 30, 2022. Other amounts reported as deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to OPEB will be recognized in OPEB expense as follows:

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

June 30, 2022

Year ended June 30,	
2023	\$ (67,445)
2024	(67,445)
2025	(67,445)
2026	(67,445)
2027	(67,445)
Thereafter	(548,296)
	\$(885.521)

Sensitivity of the OPEB Liability to Change in Healthcare Cost Trend Rates

The following presents the OPEB liability for June 30, 2022, calculated using current healthcare cost trends as well as what the OPEB liability would be if health cost trends were 1-percentage point lower or 1-percentage point higher than the current rate:

	1% Decrease	Trend Rate	1% Increase
OPEB liability	<u>\$14,645,576</u>	<u>\$16,911,958</u>	\$19,650,537

Sensitivity of the OPEB Liability to Changes in the Discount Rate

The following presents the net OPEB liability of the District calculated using the discount rate of 2.28%, as well as what the OPEB liability would be if it were calculated using the discount rate that is one percentage point lower (1.28%) or 1 percentage point higher (3.28%) than the current rate:

		Current Discount		
	1% Decrease 1.28%	Rate 2.28%	1% Increase 3.28%	
OPEB Liability	<u>\$18,258,390</u>	<u>\$16,911,958</u>	<u>\$15,638,058</u>	

Actuarial Methods and Significant Assumptions

The OPEB Liability as of June 30, 2022, was determined by rolling forward the OPEB Liability as of July 1, 2020 to June 30, 2022 using the following actuarial assumptions, applied to all periods included in the measurement:

- Actuarial cost method entry age normal
- Discount rate 2.28% Standard and Poors 20 year high grade bond rate. The discount rate changed from 1.86% to 2.28%.
- Salary growth salary increases are composed of inflation of 2.50%, 1.00% for real wage growth and 0.00% to 2.75% for merit or seniority increases.
- Assumed healthcare cost trends 5.50% in 2020 through 2023. Rates gradually decrease from 5.40% in 2024 to 4.00% in 2075.
- Mortality separate rates are assumed preretirement and postretirement using the rates assumed in the PSERS defined benefit pension plan actuarial valuation. Incorporated into the table are rates projected generationally by the Buck Modified 2016 projection scale to reflect mortality improvement.

Cost Sharing Multiple-Employer Defined Benefit OPEB Plan

For purposes of measuring the net OPEB liability, deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to OPEB, and OPEB expense, information about the fiduciary net position of PSERS and additions to/deductions from PSERS's fiduciary net position have been determined on the same basis as they are reported by PSERS. For this purpose, benefit payments (including refunds of employee contributions) are recognized when due and payable in accordance with the benefit terms. Investments are reported at fair value.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

June 30, 2022

Plan Description

PSERS provides health insurance premium assistance which, is a governmental cost sharing, multipleemployer OPEB plan for all eligible retirees who qualify and elect to participate. Employer contribution rates for health insurance premium assistance are established to provide reserves in the health insurance account that are sufficient for the payment of health insurance premium assistance benefits for each succeeding year.

Retirees of PSERS can participate in the health insurance premium assistance program if they satisfy the following criteria:

- Have 24 ½ or more years of service, or
- Are a disability retiree, or
- Have 15 or more years of service and retired after reaching superannuation age, and
- Participate in the PSERS' health options program or employer-sponsored health insurance program.

Benefits Provided

Participating eligible retirees are entitled to receive premium assistance payments equal to the lesser of \$100 per month or their out-of-pocket monthly health insurance premium. To receive premium assistance, eligible retirees must obtain their health insurance through either their school employer or the PSERS' health options program. As of June 30, 2021, there were no assumed future benefit increases to participating eligible retirees.

Employer Contributions

The District's contractually required contribution rate for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2022 was 0.80% of covered payroll, actuarially determined as an amount that, when combined with employee contributions, is expected to finance the costs of benefits earned by employees during the year, with an additional amount to finance any unfunded accrued liability. Contributions to the OPEB plan from the District were \$875,817 for the year ended June 30, 2022.

OPEB Liabilities, OPEB Expense, and Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflows of Resources Related to OPEB

At June 30, 2022, the District reported a liability of \$17,320,566 for its proportionate share of the net OPEB liability. The net OPEB liability was measured as of June 30, 2021, and the total OPEB liability used to calculate the net OPEB liability was determined by rolling forward PSERS' total OPEB liability as of June 30, 2020 to June 30, 2021. The District's proportion of the net OPEB liability was calculated utilizing the employer's one-year reported covered payroll as it relates to the total one-year reported covered payroll. At June 30, 2022, the District's proportion was 0.7308 percent, which was an increase of 0.0174 from its proportion measured as of June 30, 2021. As of June 30, 2022, the net OPEB liability of \$17,300,686 is related to the governmental funds and is recorded in the governmental activities in the government-wide statement of net position and the remaining \$19,880 of the net OPEB liability is recorded as a liability in the proprietary fund statement of net position, and in the business-type activities in the government-wide statement of net position.

For the year ended June 30, 2022, the District recognized OPEB expense of \$1,272,000. At June 30, 2022, the District reported deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to OPEB from the following sources:

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

June 30, 2022

	Deferred Outflows of Resources	Deferred Inflows of Resources
Net differences between projected and actual experience	\$ 161,000	\$ -
Changes in assumptions	1,845,000	231,000
Net difference between projected and actual	24.000	
investment earnings Changes in proportions	34,000 2,450,000	1,374,000
Contributions subsequent to the measurement date	875,817	-
	\$5,365,817	<u>\$1,605,000</u>

\$875,817 reported as deferred outflows of resources related to OPEB resulting from District contributions subsequent to the measurement date will be recognized as a reduction of the net OPEB liability in the year ended June 30, 2022. Other amounts reported as deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to OPEB will be recognized in OPEB expense as follows:

Year ended June 30,

515,000
512,000
623,000
334,000
619,000
282,000
2,885,000

Actuarial Assumptions

The OPEB liability as of June 30, 2021, was determined by rolling forward the PSERS' OPEB liability as of June 30, 2020 to June 30, 2021 using the following actuarial assumptions, applied to all periods included in the measurement:

- Actuarial cost method entry age normal level % of pay
- Investment return 2.18% Standard & Poors 20 year municipal bond rate
- Salary growth Effective average of 4.5%, comprised of inflation of 2.50% and 2.00% for real wage growth and for merit or seniority increases.
- Premium assistance reimbursement is capped at \$1,200 per year.
- Assumed healthcare cost trends were applied to retirees with less than \$1,200 in premium assistance per year.
- Mortality rates were based on a blend of 50% PubT-2010 and 50% PubG-2010 retiree tables for males and females, adjusted to reflect PSERS' experience and projected using a modified version of the MP-2020 Improvement Scale.

Participation rate:

- Eligible retirees will elect to participate pre age 65 at 50%
- Eligible retirees will elect to participate post age 65 at 70%

The actuarial assumptions used in the June 30, 2021 valuation were based on the results of an actuarial experience study that was performed for the five year period June 30, 2020.

The following assumptions were used to determine the contribution rate:

 The results of the actuarial valuation as of June 30, 2019 determined the employer contribution rate for fiscal year 2021.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

June 30, 2022

- Cost method amount necessary to assure solvency of premium assistance through the third fiscal year after the valuation date.
- Asset valuation method: market value.
- Participation rate: 63% of eligible retirees are assumed to elect premium assistance.
- Mortality Tables for Males and Females, adjusted to reflect PSERS' experience and projected using a modified version of the MP-2015 Mortality Improvement Scale.

Investments consist primarily of short term assets designed to protect the principal of the OPEB plan assets. The expected rate of return on OPEB plan investments was determined using the OPEB asset allocation policy and best estimates of geometric real rates of return for each asset class.

The OPEB plan's policy in regard to the allocation of invested plan assets is established and may be amended by the Board. Under the program, as defined in the retirement code employer contribution rates for health insurance premium assistance are established to provide reserves in the health insurance account that are sufficient for the payment of health insurance premium assistance benefits for each succeeding year.

OPEB - Asset Class	Target <u>Allocation</u>	Long-Term Expected Real <u>Rate of Return</u>
Cash US core fixed income Non-US developed fixed	79.80% 17.50% <u>2.70</u> %	0.10 % 0.70 % (0.30)%
	<u>100.00</u> %	

The above was the Board's adopted asset allocation policy and best estimates of geometric real rates of return for each major asset class as of June 30, 2021.

Discount Rate

The discount rate used to measure the OPEB liability was 2.18%. Under the OPEB plan's funding policy, contributions are structured for short term funding of health insurance premium assistance. The funding policy sets contribution rates necessary to assure solvency of health insurance premium assistance through the third fiscal year after the actuarial valuation date. The health insurance premium assistance account is funded to establish reserves that are sufficient for the payment of health insurance premium assistance benefits for each succeeding year. Due to the short term funding policy, the OPEB plan's fiduciary net position was not projected to be sufficient to meet projected future benefit payments, therefore the OPEB plan is considered a "pay-as-you-go" plan. A discount rate of 2.18% which represents the Standard & Poors 20 year municipal bond rate at June 30, 2021, was applied to all projected benefit payments to measure the total OPEB liability.

Sensitivity of District's Proportionate Share of the Net OPEB Liability to Change in Healthcare Cost Trend Rates

Healthcare cost trends were applied to retirees receiving less than \$1,200 in annual health insurance premium assistance. As of June 30, 2021, retirees health insurance premium assistance benefits are not subject to future healthcare cost increases. The healthcare insurance premium assistance reimbursement for qualifying retirees is capped at a maximum of \$1,200. The actual number of retirees receiving less than the \$1,200 per year cap is a small percentage of the total population and has a minimal impact on healthcare cost trends as depicted below.

The following presents the net OPEB liability for June 30, 2021, calculated using current healthcare cost trends as well as what net OPEB liability would be if health cost trends were 1-percentage point lower or 1-percentage point higher than the current rate:

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

June 30, 2022

	1% Decrease	Trend Rate	1% Increase
District's proportionate share of			
the OPEB liability	<u>\$17,318,601</u>	\$17,320,566	\$17,322,116

Sensitivity of the District's Proportionate Share of the Net OPEB Liability to Changes in the Discount Rate

The following presents the net OPEB liability, calculated using the discount rate of 2.18%, as well as what the net OPEB liability would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is 1-percentage point lower (1.18%) or 1-percentage-point higher (3.18%) than the current rate:

	Discount	Current Discount		
	1% Decrease 1.18%	Rate 2.18%	1% Increase 3.18%	
District's proportionate share of the net OPEB liability	<u>\$19,877,512</u>	<u>\$17,320,566</u>	\$15,214,540	

OPEB Plan Fiduciary Net Position

Detailed information about PSERS' fiduciary net position is available in PSERS Comprehensive Annual Financial Report which can be found on PSERS's website at www.psers.pa.gov.

(10) PENSION PLAN

For purposes of measuring the net pension liability, deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions, and pension expense, information about the fiduciary net position of the Public School Employees Retirement System ("PSERS") and additions to/deductions from PSERS's fiduciary net position have been determined on the same basis as they are reported by PSERS. For this purpose, benefit payments (including refunds of employee contributions) are recognized when due and payable in accordance with the benefit terms. Investments are reported at fair value.

Plan Description

PSERS is a governmental cost sharing multiple-employer defined benefit pension plan that provides retirement benefits to public school employees of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania. The members eligible to participate in PSERS include all full-time public employees, part-time hourly public school employees who render at least 500 hours of service in the school year, and part-time per diem public school employees who render at least 80 days of service in the school year in any of the reporting entities in Pennsylvania. PSERS issues a publicly available financial report that can be obtained at www.psers.state.pa.us.

Benefits Provided

PSERS provides retirement, disability, and death benefits. Members are eligible for monthly retirement benefits upon reaching (a) age 62 with at least 1 year credited service; (b) age 60 with 30 more years of credited service; or (c) 35 or more years of service regardless of age. Act 120 of 2010 (Act 120) preserves the benefits of existing members and introduced benefit reductions for individuals who become new members on or after July 1, 2011. Act 120 created two membership classes, Membership Class T-E (Class T-E) and Membership Class T-F (Class T-F). To qualify for normal retirement, Class T-E and Class T-F members must work until age 65 with a minimum of 3 years of service or attain a total combination of age and service that is equal to or greater than 92 with a minimum of 35 years of service. Benefits are generally equal to 2% or 2.5%, depending upon membership class, of the member's final average salary (as defined in the code) multiplied by the number of years of credited service. For members whose membership started prior to July 1, 2011, after completion of five years of service, a member's right to the defined benefits is vested and early retirement benefits may be elected. For Class T-E and Class T-F members, the right to benefits is vested after ten years of service.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

June 30, 2022

Participants are eligible for disability retirement benefits after completion of five years of credited service. Such benefits are generally equal to 2.00% or 2.50%, depending upon membership class, of the member's final average salary (as defined in the code) multiplied by the number of years of credited service, but not less than one-third of such salary nor greater than the benefit the member would have had at normal retirement age. Members over normal retirement age may apply for disability benefits.

Death benefits are payable upon the death of an active member who has reached age 62 with at least one year of credited service (age 65 with at least three years of credited service for Class T-E and Class T-F members) or who has at least five years of credited service (ten years for Class T-E and Class T-F members). Such benefits are actuarially equivalent to the benefit that would have been effective if the member had retired on the day before death.

Contributions

Member Contributions

Active members who joined PSERS prior to July 22, 1983, contribute at 5.25% (Membership Class T-C) or at 6.50% (Membership Class T-D) of the member's qualifying compensation.

Members who joined PSERS on or after July 22, 1983 and who were active or inactive as of July 1, 2001, contribute at 6.25% (Membership Class T-C) or at 7.50% (Membership Class T-D) of the member's qualifying compensation.

Members who joined PSERS after June 30, 2001 and before July 1, 2011, contribute at 7.50% (automatic Membership Class T-D). For all new hires and for members who elected Class T-D membership, the higher contribution rates began with service rendered on or after January 1, 2002.

Members who joined PSERS after June 30, 2011, automatically contribute at the Membership Class T-E rate of 7.50% (base rate) of the member's qualifying compensation. All new hires after June 30, 2011, who elect T-F membership, contribute at 10.30% (base rate) of the member's qualifying compensation. Membership Class T-E and T-F are affected by a "shared risk" provision in Act 120 of 2010 that in future fiscal years could cause Membership Class T-E contribution rate to fluctuate between 7.50% and 9.50% and Membership Class T-F contribution rate to fluctuate between 10.30% and 12.30%.

Employees who become an active member of PSERS on or after July 1, 2019, are enrolled in a hybrid plan that has a defined benefit and defined contribution component. Members who joined PSERS after June 30, 2019, automatically contribute at the Membership Class T-G rate of 8.25% (base rate), including a 2.75% defined contribution component of the member's qualifying compensation. All new hires after June 30, 2019, who elect T-H membership, contribute at 7.50% (base rate), including a 3.00% defined contribution component of the member's qualifying compensation. Membership Class T-G and T-H are affected by a "shared risk" provision in Act 120 of 2010 that in future fiscal years could cause Membership Class T-G contribution rate to fluctuate between 5.50% and 8.50% and Membership Class T-H contribution rate to fluctuate between 4.50% and 7.50%. All new members can also elect a DC membership and contribute at 7.50% (base rate) to a defined contribution plan that has no defined benefit component.

Employer Contributions

The District's contractually required contribution rate for fiscal year ended June 30, 2022 was 34.14% of covered payroll, actuarially determined as an amount that, when combined with employee contributions, is expected to finance the costs of benefits earned by employees during the year, with an additional amount to finance any unfunded accrued liability. Contributions to the pension plan from the District were \$37,211,259 for the year ended June 30, 2022.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

June 30, 2022

Pension Liabilities, Pension Expense, and Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflows of Resources Related to Pensions

At June 30, 2022, the District reported a liability of \$299,632,015 for its proportionate share of the net pension liability. The net pension liability was measured as of June 30, 2021, and the total pension liability used to calculate the net pension liability was determined by rolling forward PSERS' total pension liability as of June 30, 2020 to June 30, 2021. The District's proportion of the net pension liability was calculated utilizing the employer's one-year reported covered payroll as it relates to the total one-year reported covered payroll. At June 30, 2022, the District's proportion was 0.7298 percent, which was an increase of 0.0175 from its proportion measured as of June 30, 2021. As of June 30, 2022, the net pension liability of \$299,288,099 is related to the governmental funds and is recorded in the governmental activities in the government-wide statement of net position and the remaining \$343,916 of the net pension liability is recorded as a liability in the proprietary fund statement of net position, and in the business-type activities in the government-wide statement of net position.

For the year ended June 30, 2022, the District recognized pension expense of \$28,921,000. At June 30, 2022, the District reported deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions from the following sources:

	Deferred Outflows of Resources	Deferred Inflows of Resources
Difference between expected and		
actual experience	\$ 221,000	\$ 3,937,000
Changes in assumptions	14,533,000	-
Net difference between projected and		
actual investment earnings	-	47,695,000
Changes in proportions	28,980,000	13,426,000
Contributions subsequent to the measurement date	37,211,259	<u> </u>
	<u>\$80,945,259</u>	<u>\$65,058,000</u>

\$37,211,259 reported as deferred outflows of resources related to pensions resulting from District contributions subsequent to the measurement date will be recognized as a reduction of the net pension liability in the year ended June 30, 2022. Other amounts reported as deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions will be recognized in pension expense as follows:

Year ended June 30,

2023	\$ (9,840,000)
2024	7,620,000
2025	(3,694,000)
2026	(15,410,000)
	<u>\$(21,324,000)</u>

Actuarial Assumptions

The total pension liability as of June 30, 2021 was determined by rolling forward PSERS' total pension liability at June 30, 2020 to June 30, 2021 using the following actuarial assumptions, applied to all periods included in the measurement:

- Actuarial cost method Entry Age Normal level % of pay
- Investment return 7.00%, includes inflation at 2.50%
- Salary growth Effective average of 4.5%, comprised of inflation of 2.5% and 2.00% for real wage growth and for merit or seniority increases.
- Mortality rates were based on a blend of 50% PubT-2010 and 50% PubG-2010 Retiree Tables for males and females, adjusted to reflect PSERS' experience and projected using a modified version of the MP-2020 Improvement Scale.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

June 30, 2022

The actuarial assumptions used in the June 30, 2021 valuation were based on the results of an actuarial valuation experience study that was performed for the five year period ending June 30, 2020.

The long-term expected rate of return on pension plan investments was determined using a building-block method in which best-estimate ranges of expected future real rates of return (expected returns net of pension plan investment expense and inflation) are developed for each major asset class. These ranges are combined to produce the long-term expected rate of return by weighting the expected future real rates of return by the target asset allocation percentage and by adding expected inflation.

The pension plan's policy in regard to the allocation of invested plan assets is established and may be amended by the board. Plan assets are managed with a long-term objective of achieving and maintaining a fully funded status for the benefits provided through the pension.

Target <u>Allocation</u>	Expected Real Rate of Return
27.00 %	5.20%
12.00 %	7.30%
35.00 %	1.80%
10.00 %	2.00%
8.00 %	3.10%
8.00 %	5.10%
10.00 %	4.70%
3.00 %	0.10%
<u>(13.00</u>)%	0.10%
<u>100.00</u> %	
	Allocation 27.00 % 12.00 % 35.00 % 10.00 % 8.00 % 8.00 % 10.00 % 3.00 % (13.00)%

The above was the PSERS Board's adopted asset allocation policy and best estimates of geometric real rates of return for each major asset class as of June 30, 2021.

Discount Rate

The discount rate used to measure the total pension liability was 7.00%. The projection of cash flows used to determine the discount rate assumed that contributions from plan members will be made at the current contribution rate and that contributions from employers will be made at contractually required rates, actuarially determined. Based on those assumptions, the pension plan's fiduciary net position was projected to be available to make all projected future benefit payments of current plan members. Therefore, the long-term expected rate of return on pension plan investments was applied to all periods of projected benefit payments to determine the total pension liability.

Sensitivity of the District's Proportionate Share of the Net Pension Liability to Changes in the Discount Rate

The following represents the net pension liability, calculated using the discount rate of 7.00%, as well as what the net pension liability would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is 1-percentage point lower (6.00%) or 1-percentage point higher (8.00%) that the current rate:

	1% Decrease 6.00%	Rate <u>7.00%</u>	1% Increase <u>8.00%</u>
District's proportionate share of	 		
the net pension liability	<u>\$393,277,959</u>	\$299,632,015	\$220,637,033

Pension Plan Fiduciary Net Position

Detailed information about the PSERS' fiduciary net position is available in PSERS Comprehensive Annual Financial Report which can be found on PSERS' website at www.psers.state.pa.us.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

June 30, 2022

(11) JOINT VENTURE AND JOINTLY GOVERNED ORGANIZATION

Technical College High School Brandywine

The District and two other Chester County school districts participate in the Technical College High School Brandywine Campus ("TCHS Brandywine"). The TCHS Brandywine provides vocational-technical training and education to students of the participating school districts. The TCHS Brandywine is controlled by a joint Board comprised of representative school board members of the participating school districts. District oversight of the TCHS Brandywine operations is the responsibility of the joint board. The District's share of operating costs for the TCHS Brandywine fluctuates based on the District's percentage of enrollment. The District's share of operating costs for 2021-2022 was \$2,792,155.

The TCHS Brandywine prepares financial statements that are available to the public from their administrative offices.

Chester County Intermediate Unit

The District and the other Chester County school districts are participating members of the Chester County Intermediate Unit (the "CCIU"). The CCIU is a regional educational service agency, established by the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania, which is governed by a joint committee consisting of School Board members from each participating district. The School Board of each participating district must approve the annual operating budget of the CCIU but the participating districts have no ongoing fiduciary interest or responsibility to the CCIU. The CCIU is a self-sustaining organization that provides a broad array of services to participating districts which include: curriculum development and instructional improvement; educational planning services; instructional material; continuing professional development; pupil personnel services; management services and state and federal liaison services.

(12) CONTINGENCIES AND COMMITMENTS

Government Grants and Awards

The District receives federal, state and local funding under a number of programs. Payments made by these sources under contractual agreements are provisional and subject to redetermination based on filing of reports and audits of those reports. Final settlements due from or to these sources are recorded in the year in which the related services are performed. Any adjustments resulting from subsequent examinations are recognized in the year in which the results of such examinations become known. District officials do not expect any significant adjustments as a result of these examinations.

Litigation

The District is a defendant in various matters of litigation and claims. These matters result from the normal course of business. It is not presently possible to determine the ultimate outcome or settlement cost, if any, of these matters.

(13) RISK MANAGEMENT

Other Risks

The District is exposed to various risks of loss related to torts; theft of, damage to and destruction of assets; errors and omissions; injuries to employees; and natural disasters. Significant losses are covered by commercial insurance. For insured programs, there were no significant reductions in insurance coverages during the 2021-2022 year. Settlement amounts have not exceeded insurance coverage for the current year or the three prior years.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

June 30, 2022

Healthcare

The District administers a self-insurance program to provide healthcare and related expenses for eligible employees, spouses and their dependents. Accordingly, benefit payments plus an administrative charge are made to a third party administrator, who approves and processes all claims. The District has recorded a liability in the General Fund that includes an estimate for claims incurred but not reported through June 30, 2022 as estimated by the District's third party administrator and healthcare benefit consultant.

The following table presents the self-insurance healthcare claims liability and the related changes in the claims liability for the year ended June 30, 2022 and 2021:

	<u>2022</u>	<u>2021</u>
Insurance claims liability – beginning of year	\$ 3,985,055	\$ 4,063,329
Current year insurance claims and changes in estimates	21,128,818	16,994,181
Insurance claims paid	<u>(20,001,949</u>)	<u>(17,072,455</u>)
Insurance claims liability – end of year	\$ 5,111,924	\$ 3,985,055

Workers' Compensation

The District and other participating Pennsylvania school districts and educational agencies participate in the School District Insurance Consortium ("SDIC"), which is a voluntary trust. The District and the other participating members pay premiums to SDIC for the purpose of seeking prevention or lessening of claims due to injuries of employees of the participating members and pooling workers' compensation and occupational disease insurance risks, reserves claims and losses and providing self-insurance and reinsurance thereof. It is the intent of the participating members of SDIC that the SDIC will utilize funds contributed by the participating members, which shall be held in trust by SDIC, to provide self-insurance and reimbursements to the members for their obligations to pay compensation as required under the Workers' Compensation Act and the Pennsylvania Occupational Disease Act and to purchase excess and aggregate insurance. As of June 30, 2022, the District is not aware of any additional assessments relating to SDIC.

(14) SUBSEQUENT EVENTS

Management has evaluated subsequent events through December 15, 2022, the date on which the financial statements were available to be issued. No material subsequent events have occurred since June 30, 2022 that required recognition or disclosure in the financial statements.



BUDGETARY COMPARISON SCHEDULE - GENERAL FUND

Year ended June 30, 2022

	Rudgeted	I Amounts		Variance with Final Budget Positive
	<u>Original</u>	Final	<u>Actual</u>	(Negative)
REVENUES	·		·	
Local sources	\$ 181,340,409	\$ 181,340,409	\$ 189,426,134	\$ 8,085,725
State sources	54,655,660	55,315,973	56,302,669	986,696
Federal sources	1,932,000	3,785,645	4,027,664	242,019
Total revenues	237,928,069	240,442,027	249,756,467	9,314,440
EXPENDITURES				
Instruction Regular programs	104 177 200	100 170 020	110 246 607	(2.066.769)
Regular programs	104,177,289 36,280,827	108,179,839 36,320,827	110,246,607 36,319,577	(2,066,768) 1,250
Special programs Vocational programs	6,773,180	6,773,181	6,767,401	5,780
Other instructional programs	2,894,424	2,070,423	2,068,637	1,786
Nonpublic school programs	7,651	7,651	2,000,037	7,651
Total instruction	150,133,371	153,351,921	155,402,222	(2,050,301)
	130, 133,371	133,331,921	133,402,222	(2,030,301)
Support services	0.040.500	0.000.054	10.000.010	(470.050)
Pupil support services	9,848,503	9,923,251	10,099,610	(176,359)
Instructional staff services	7,171,356	7,260,818	7,822,240	(561,422)
Administrative services Pupil health	13,641,707 3,298,029	14,184,197 3,310,029	14,177,182 3,308,864	7,015 1,165
Business services	2,277,321	2,377,321	2,374,349	2,972
Operation and maintenance of plant services	15,195,468	15,195,468	15,709,600	(514,132)
Student transportation services	13,439,483	13,439,483	12,123,692	1,315,791
Support services - central	5,113,479	4,806,729	4,795,972	10,757
Other support services	94,000	754,313	753,590	723
Total support services	70,079,346	71,251,609	71,165,099	86,510
Operation of noninstructional services				
Student activities	4,053,340	3,967,840	3,958,958	8,882
Community services	65,862	65,862	51,843	14,019
Total operation of noninstructional services	4,119,202	4,033,702	4,010,801	22,901
Facilities acquisition, construction	 _			
and improvement services	210,000	210,000	208,530	1,470
	-			1,470
Debt service	8,000,000	9,853,645	9,853,645	
Total expenditures	232,541,919	238,700,877	240,640,297	(1,939,420)
Excess (deficiency) of revenues				
over (under) expenditures	5,386,150	1,741,150	9,116,170	7,375,020
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)				
Sale of/compensation for capital assets	100,000	100,000	616,451	516,451
Refund of prior year expenditures	25,000	25,000	278,505	253,505
Refund of prior year revenues	(15,000)	(15,000)	(527)	14,473
Insurance recoveries	-	-	98,681	98,681
Transfers out (reimbursement)	(7,884,200)	(7,884,200)	(8,978,703)	(1,094,503)
Budgetary reserve	(3,645,000)			
Total other financing sources (uses)	(11,419,200)	(7,774,200)	(7,985,593)	(211,393)
NET CHANGE IN FUND BALANCE	\$ (6,033,050)	\$ (6,033,050)	1,130,577	\$ 7,163,627
FUND BALANCE				
Beginning of year			19,676,557	
End of year			\$ 20,807,134	

SCHEDULE OF THE DISTRICT'S PROPORTIONATE SHARE OF THE NET PENSION LIABILITY - PSERS

Year ended June 30

	2021	2020	2019	2018	2017	<u>2016</u>	<u>2015</u>	2014
District's proportion of the net pension liability District's proportionate share of the net pension	0.7298%	0.7123%	0.6174%	0.7311%	0.6556%	0.6547%	0.6410%	0.6259%
liability District's covered-employee	\$ 299,632,015	\$ 350,729,511	\$ 288,835,822	\$ 350,964,299	\$ 323,790,381	\$ 324,448,546	\$ 277,651,000	\$ 247,735,000
payroll District's proportionate share of the net pension liability as a percentage of its covered-employee	\$ 103,604,972	\$ 100,128,498	\$ 85,153,373	\$ 98,456,473	\$ 87,291,671	\$ 84,793,744	\$ 82,474,947	\$ 79,863,944
payroll Plan fiduciary net position	289.21%	350.28%	339.19%	356.47%	370.93%	382.63%	336.65%	310.20%
as a percentage of the total pension liability	63.67%	54.32%	55.66%	54.00%	52.00%	50.00%	54.00%	57.00%

In accordance with GASB Statement No. 68, this schedule has been prepared prospectively. This schedule will accumulate each year until sufficient information to present a ten-year trend is available.

Measurement Date

SCHEDULE OF THE DISTRICT'S PENSION PLAN CONTRIBUTIONS - PSERS

Year ended June 30

	2021	2020	2019	2018	2017	2016	<u>2015</u>	2014
Contractually required contribution Contributions in relation to the	\$ 34,680,817	\$ 33,276,464	\$ 27,648,629	\$ 31,022,971	\$ 25,076,097	\$ 20,829,000	\$ 16,551,000	\$ 12,468,000
contractually required contribution	34,680,817	33,276,464	27,648,629	31,022,971	25,076,097	20,829,000	16,551,000	12,468,000
Contribution deficiency (excess)	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
District's covered-employee payroll	\$ 103,604,972	\$ 100,128,498	\$ 85,153,373	\$ 98,456,473	\$ 87,291,671	\$ 84,793,744	\$ 82,474,947	\$ 79,863,944
Contributions as a percentage of covered-employee payroll	33.47%	33.23%	32.47%	31.51%	29.00%	25.00%	20.00%	16.00%

In accordance with GASB Statement No. 68, this schedule has been prepared prospectively. This schedule will accumulate each year until sufficient information to present a ten-year trend is available.

Measurement Date

SCHEDULE OF CHANGES IN OPEB LIABILITY - SINGLE EMPLOYER PLAN

Year ended June 30

	2022	2021	2020	2019	2018
TOTAL OPEB LIABILITY					
Service cost	\$ 1,478,830	\$ 1,248,865	\$ 1,253,362	\$ 1,088,495	\$ 1,116,126
Interest on total OPEB liability	326,104	556,237	481,312	465,654	362,294
Differences between projected					
and actual experience	-	(1,054,902)	-	(416,685)	-
Changes of assumptions	(557,099)	832,556	(475,375)	878,365	(203,972)
Benefit payments	(849,876)	(817,316)	(891,975)	(923,460)	(915,163)
Net change in total OPEB					
liability	397,959	765,440	367,324	1,092,369	359,285
Total OPEB liability, beginning	16,513,999	15,748,559	15,381,235	14,288,866	13,929,581
Total OPEB liability, ending	\$ 16,911,958	\$ 16,513,999	\$ 15,748,559	\$ 15,381,235	\$ 14,288,866
Fiduciary net position as a % of					
total OPEB liability	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%
Covered payroll	\$ 98,981,967	\$ 98,981,967	\$ 90,294,978	\$ 90,294,978	\$ 83,688,223
Net OPEB liability as a % of					
covered payroll	17.09%	16.68%	17.44%	17.03%	17.07%

In accordance with GASB Statement No. 75, this schedule has been prepared prospectively. This schedule will accumulate each year until sufficient information to present a ten-year trend is available.

SCHEDULE OF THE DISTRICT'S PROPORTIONATE SHARE OF THE NET OPEB LIABILITY -PSERS

Year ended June 30

		Me	easurement Date		
	<u>2021</u>	<u>2020</u>	<u>2019</u>	<u>2018</u>	<u>2017</u>
District's proportion of the net					
OPEB liability	0.7308%	0.7134%	0.6174%	0.7311%	0.6556%
District's proportionate share of					
the net OPEB liability	\$ 17,320,566	\$ 15,414,413	\$ 13,131,123	\$ 15,243,062	\$ 13,357,273
District's covered-employee					
payroll	\$ 103,604,972	\$ 100,128,498	\$ 85,153,373	\$ 98,456,473	\$ 87,291,671
District's proportionate share of the net OPEB liability as a percentage of its covered-					
employee payroll	16.72%	15.39%	15.42%	15.48%	15.30%
Plan fiduciary net position as a percentage of the total OPEB					
liability	5.30%	5.69%	5.56%	5.56%	6.00%

In accordance with GASB Statement No. 75, this schedule has been prepared prospectively. This schedule will accumulate each year until sufficient information to present a ten-year trend is available.

SCHEDULE OF THE DISTRICT'S OPEB PLAN CONTRIBUTIONS - PSERS

Year ended June 30

			Me	asu	rement Date				
	'	<u>2021</u>	<u>2020</u>		<u>2019</u>		2018		2017
Contractually required contribution Contributions in relation to	\$	850,395	\$ 839,836	\$	707,361	\$	816,814	\$	724,818
the contractually required contribution	\$	850,395	\$ 839,836	\$	707,361	\$	816,814	\$	724,818
Contribution deficiency (excess)		-	-		-		-		-
District's covered-employee payroll	\$ 1	03,604,972	\$ 100,128,498	\$ 8	85,153,373	\$ 9	98,456,473	\$ 8	37,291,671
Contributions as a percentage of covered-employee payroll		0.82%	0.84%		0.83%		0.83%		0.83%

In accordance with GASB Statement No. 75, this schedule has been prepared prospectively. This schedule will accumulate each year until sufficient information to present a ten-year trend is available.



COMBINING BALANCE SHEET - CAPITAL PROJECTS FUND

June 30, 2022

	Capital Reserve <u>Fund</u>	Capital Projects Fund	<u>Total</u>
ASSETS			
Cash Investments Due from other governments Other receivables Due from other funds	\$ 17,197,463 10,009,572 - - -	\$ 38,607,750 49,622,978 341,824 16,000 8,978,703	\$ 55,805,213 59,632,550 341,824 16,000 8,978,703
Total assets	\$27,207,035	\$ 97,567,255	\$ 124,774,290
LIABILITIES AND FUND BALANCES			
Accounts payable	\$ -	\$ 2,393,614	\$ 2,393,614
FUND BALANCES Committed to			
Capital projects	27,207,035	95,173,641	122,380,676
Total fund balances	27,207,035	95,173,641	122,380,676
Total liabilities and fund balances	\$ 27,207,035	\$ 97,567,255	\$ 124,774,290

COMBINING STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES - CAPITAL PROJECTS FUND

Year ended June 30, 2022

	Capital Reserve <u>Fund</u>	Capital Projects <u>Fund</u>	<u>Total</u>
REVENUES			
Local sources	\$ 139,312	\$ 376,260	\$ 515,572
Federal sources		341,824	341,824
	139,312	718,084	857,396
EXPENDITURES			
Current			
Instruction	-	5,239,876	5,239,876
Support services	-	214,194	214,194
Operation of noninstructional services	-	95,808	95,808
Facilities acquisition, construction and			
improvement services		4,739,771	4,739,771
Total expenditures		10,289,649	10,289,649
EXCESS (DEFICIENCY) OF REVENUES	400.040	(0.574.505)	(0.400.050)
OVER (UNDER) EXPENDITURES	139,312	(9,571,565)	(9,432,253)
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)			
Refund of prior year expenditures	-	151,471	151,471
Proceeds from the sale of fixed assets	-	8,999,986	8,999,986
Transfers in (reimbursement)	-	8,978,703	8,978,703
Transfers in (non-reimbursement)			
Total other financing sources (uses)		18,130,160	18,130,160
NET CHANGE IN FUND BALANCES	139,312	8,558,595	8,697,907
FUND BALANCES Beginning of year	27,067,723	86,615,046	113,682,769
End of year	\$ 27,207,035	\$ 95,173,641	\$ 122,380,676

BORROWING BASE CALCULATION - GENERAL FUND

Year ended June 30,

	2020	<u>2021</u>	2022
Gross revenues received - General Fund	\$ 228,417,537	\$ 235,653,679	\$ 249,756,467
Deductions pursuant to Section 102 (c)(16) of Act 185 of 1972;			
(i) Subsidy - rentals and sinking fund payments	1,139,792	1,133,270	1,113,299
(ii) Non-recurring receipts	271,002	745,530	998,403
Total deductions	1,410,794	1,878,800	2,111,702
TOTAL REVENUES AS DEFINED IN SECTION (102(c)(16) OF ACT 185			
OF 1972	\$ 227,006,743	\$ 233,774,879	\$ 247,644,765
TOTAL REVENUES FOR PAST THREE YEARS	\$ 672,957,956	\$ 686,295,494	\$ 708,426,387
BORROWING BASE - AVERAGE ANNUAL REVENUES	\$ 224,319,319	\$ 228,765,165	\$ 236,142,129
DEBT LIMIT - 225% OF BORROWING BASE	\$ 504,718,467	\$ 514,721,621	\$ 531,319,790

COMPARATIVE SCHEDULES OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES - GENERAL FUND

June 30,

	2022	2021	2020	2019	2018	2017	2016	2015	2014	2013
REVENUES			· <u></u>	· <u>—</u>		· <u>——</u>				
Local sources	\$189,426,134	\$177,935,546	\$172,674,069	\$172,336,280	\$169,667,095	\$168,019,218	\$165,798,902	\$161,347,717	\$158,062,114	\$155,165,778
State sources	56,302,669	53,930,959	52,437,987	50,286,113	50,224,146	50,415,422	43,445,079	40,489,476	38,795,263	35,850,554
Federal sources	4,027,664	3,787,174	3,305,481	3,002,677	2,922,619	2,973,257	2,724,944	2,758,810	3,057,783	3,012,007
Total revenues	249,756,467	235,653,679	228,417,537	225,625,070	222,813,860	221,407,897	211,968,925	204,596,003	199,915,160	194,028,339
EXPENDITURES										
Instruction	155,402,222	147,133,789	138,616,271	134,766,707	130,407,874	126,339,494	122,852,991	114,337,036	107,576,872	102,566,445
Support services	71,165,099	66,798,832	63,990,979	63,073,821	60,274,071	60,692,658	58,164,456	54,859,555	50,494,222	47,672,427
Operation of noninstructional services	4,010,801	3,303,190	3,741,356	4,125,096	4,152,500	3,952,347	3,781,391	3,742,258	3,418,070	3,405,943
Facilities acquisition, construction and										
	208,530	277,151	332,382	279,002	331,257	353,018	311,756	187,621	300,250	1,558,131
Diephosenvicet services	9,853,645	9,851,679	9,846,764	9,839,885	11,833,005	11,831,039	13,361,677	13,887,128	16,801,219	27,185,883
Total expenditures	240,640,297	227,364,641	216,527,752	212,084,511	206,998,707	203,168,556	198,472,271	187,013,598	178,590,633	182,388,829
EXCESS OF REVENUES OVER										
EXPENDITURES	9,116,170	8,289,038	11,889,785	13,540,559	15,815,153	18,239,341	13,496,654	17,582,405	21,324,527	11,639,510
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)										
Transfers out	(8,978,703)	(7,646,256)	(11,699,163)	(13,208,160)	(15,826,069)	(25,760,784)	(13,127,754)	(19,572,644)	(25,071,254)	(20,745,138)
Sale of/compensation for capital assets	616,451	147,347	278,039	44,245	162,237	182,098	45,414	37,165	17,064	3,675
Insurance recoveries	98,681	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Refunds of prior years expenditures (revenues)	277,978	106,946	117,085	122,639	201,532	69,585	(76,904)	119,098	239,113	384
Total other financing sources (uses)	(7,985,593)	(7,391,963)	(11,304,039)	(13,041,276)	(15,462,300)	(25,509,101)	(13,159,244)	(19,416,381)	(24,815,077)	(20,741,079)
NET CHANGE IN FUND BALANCE	1,130,577	897,075	585,746	499,283	352,853	(7,269,760)	337,410	(1,833,976)	(3,490,550)	(9,101,569)
FUND BALANCE										
Beginning of year	19,676,557	18,779,482	18,193,736	17,694,453	17,341,600	24,611,360	24,273,950	26,107,926	29,598,476	38,700,045
End of year	\$ 20,807,134	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$
	19,676,557	18,779,482	18,193,736	17,694,453	17,341,600	24,611,360	24,273,950	26,107,926	29,598,476	

COMPARATIVE SCHEDULES OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES - ORIGINAL BUDGET AND ACTUAL GENERAL FUND

June 30,

	Original		Original		Original		Original		Original	
DEVENUE	<u>Budget</u>	<u>Actual</u>	Budget	<u>Actual</u>	Budget	<u>Actual</u>	Budget	<u>Actual</u>	Budget	<u>Actual</u>
REVENUES	6 404 040 400	¢ 400 400 404	A 400 F 47 000	A 477.005.540	A 470.050.000	A 470 074 000	A 400 700 000	A 470 000 000	A 407 040 505	A 400 007 00F
Local sources	\$ 181,340,409 2022 54,655,660	\$ 189,426,134	\$ 169,547,320 2021 _{52,608,923}	\$ 177,935,546	\$ 172,858,820 2020 _{52,134,292}	\$ 172,674,069 52.437.987	\$ 168,769,339 2019 _{50,500,466}	\$ 172,336,280	\$ 167,346,585 2018 _{48,250,113}	\$ 169,667,095
State sources		56,302,669		53,930,959		- , - ,		50,286,113		50,224,146
Federal sources	1,932,000	4,027,664	2,358,703	3,787,174	1,135,000	3,305,481	1,270,000	3,002,677	1,128,000	2,922,619
Total revenues	\$ 237,928,069		224,514,946	235,653,679	226,128,112	228,417,537	220,539,805	225,625,070	216,724,698	222,813,860
EXPENDITURES										
Regular programs	104,177,289	110,246,607	102,434,338	104,320,237	99,428,734	98,038,430	92,178,760	96,559,508	101,187,500	94,482,875
Special programs	36,280,827	36,319,577	33,178,469	34,667,790	31,655,377	32,559,701	30,071,679	30,413,690	30,756,460	28,808,958
Vocational programs	6,773,180	6,767,401	6,475,265	6,541,729	6,154,599	6,273,664	5,735,778	5,810,180	5,708,799	5,657,676
Other instructional programs	249,856,464	2,068,637	1,576,243	1,597,762	1,744,486	1,739,711	1,816,672	1,942,120	1,674,763	1,422,288
Nonpublic school programs	7,651	-	36,700	6,271	38,500	4,765	37,392	41,209	5,000	36,077
Pupil personnel services	9,848,503	10,099,610	8,853,101	9,215,208	8,518,095	9,096,830	8,063,628	8,148,107	7,875,328	7,795,655
Instructional staff services	7,171,356	7,822,240	5,862,613	7,588,577	6,347,205	6,867,839	6,106,092	7,097,655	5,921,418	6,231,579
Administrative services	13.641.707	14,177,182	12.631.129	13.326.182	13,370,486	12.316.951	12.279.091	11,872,379	12.175.347	10.636.060
Pupil health	3,298,029	3,308,864	3.141.540	3,032,396	3,013,269	2.744.747	2.949.147	2.808.862	3,022,009	2,825,577
Business services	2,277,321	2,374,349	2,246,329	2,161,333	2,471,992	2,133,675	2,304,020	2,405,528	2,254,580	2,159,612
Operation and maintenance of plant services	15,195,468	15,709,600	15.333.193	15,879,519	15.331.601	14.511.209	14.820.790	14,130,699	14.998.184	14.018.196
Student transportation services	13,439,483	12,123,692	13,397,833	10,602,071	12,801,555	10,990,897	11,976,434	12,212,453	11,821,037	11,543,650
Central and other support services	5.207.479	5.549.562	4.454.269	4.993.546	4,759,516	5.328.831	4.552.692	4.398.138	4,662,983	5.063.742
Student activities	4,053,340	3,958,958	3,986,503	3,288,501	3,850,814	3,674,686	3,776,780	4,045,151	3,674,876	4,066,865
Community services	65,862	51,843	89,250	14,689	84,660	66,670	87,000	79,945	81,716	85,635
Facilities acquisition, construction and improvement	210,000	208,530	280,000	277,151	310,000	332,382	310,000	279,002	360,000	331,257
Debt service	8,000,000	9,853,645	8,000,000	9,851,679	10,000,000	9,846,764	10,000,000	9,839,885	10,090,000	11,833,005
Total expenditures	232,541,919	240,640,297	221,976,775	227,364,641	219,880,889	216,527,752	207,065,955	212,084,511	216,270,000	206,998,707
EXCESS (DEFICIENCY) OF REVENUES										
OVER EXPENDITURES	5,386,150	9,116,170	2,538,171	8,289,038	6,247,223	11,889,785	13,473,850	13,540,559	454,698	15,815,153
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)										
Sale of/compensation for capital assets	100,000	616,451	200,000	147,347	89,700	278,039	90,000	44,245	45,302	162,237
Insurance recoveries	-	98,681	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Refund of prior year expenditures (revenues)	10,000	277,978	-	106,946	25,000	117,085	(50,000)	122,639	-	201,532
Transfers out	(7,884,200)	(8,978,703)	-	(7,646,256)	(1,500,000)	(11,699,163)	(7,950,000)	(13,208,160)	-	(15,826,069)
Budgetary reserve	(3,645,000)									
Total other financing sources (uses)	(11,419,200)	(7,985,593)	(8,610,685)	(7,391,963)	(6,247,223)	(11,304,039)	(13,473,850)	(13,041,276)	(454,698)	(15,462,300)
NET CHANGE IN FUND BALANCE	(6,033,050)	1,130,577 (8, 8 1	0, 685) (6,072,514)	897,075 (4,86	1,9 23)	(5,5 6	3, 850)		200)	
FUND BALANCE								(500,	uuu)	
	18,779,482	19,676,557	18,779,482	18,779,482	18,193,736	18,193,736	23,214,234	17,694,453	25,561,600	17,341,600
Beginning of year End of year	\$ 12,746,432	\$	\$ -	\$	\$ _ 585,7	746	\$ _ 499,	28 \$	\$ - 352,8	
-						·	· 			

20,807,134 12,706,968 19,676,557 18,193,736 18,779,482 23,214,234 18,193,736 25,561,600 17,694,453

COMPARATIVE SCHEDULES OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES - ORIGINAL BUDGET AND ACTUAL GENERAL FUND

June 30,

	Original	Actual	Original	A -41	Original	Antural	Original	A -41	Original	Actual
REVENUES	Budget	<u>Actual</u>	<u>Budget</u>	<u>Actual</u>	Budget	<u>Actual</u>	<u>Budget</u>	<u>Actual</u>	Budget	<u>Actual</u>
Local sources	\$ 163,745,222	\$ 168,019,218	\$ 158,782,552	\$ 165,798,902	\$ 155,097,493	\$ 161,347,717	\$ 151,319,934	\$ 158,062,114	\$ 151,697,123	\$ 155,165,778
State sources	2017 _{46,198,778}	50,415,422	2016 _{43,095,448}	43,445,079	2015 _{40,717,507}	40,489,476	2014 _{38.440.601}	38,795,263	2013 _{6,648,877}	35,850,554
Federal sources	1,168,000	2,973,257	925,000	2,724,944	1,020,000	2,758,810	1,419,465	3,057,783	1,458,000	3,012,007
Total revenues	211,112,000	221,407,897	202,803,000	211,968,925	196,835,000	204,596,003	191,180,000	199,915,160	189,804,000	194,028,339
Total revenues	211,112,000	221,407,697	202,803,000	211,908,925	190,633,000	204,590,003	191,180,000	199,915,160	189,804,000	194,026,339
EXPENDITURES										
Regular programs	97,996,065	90,304,527	93,665,914	88,830,399	90,286,288	82,933,616	84,642,863	77,480,067	83,498,254	73,925,443
Special programs	29,791,057	28,905,873	27,734,555	26,945,686	25,849,778	24,485,681	24,118,246	22,947,710	24,799,582	21,085,193
Vocational programs	6,270,044	5,553,718	6,157,309	5,661,706	5,394,047	5,367,294	6,302,373	5,723,326	6,571,773	6,176,446
Other instructional programs	1,744,527	1,557,847	1,582,643	1,413,430	1,824,222	1,550,445	1,982,521	1,425,769	1,636,066	1,379,363
Nonpublic school programs	12,000	17,529	15,000	1,770	-	-	-	-	-	-
Pupil personnel services	7,480,586	7,443,942	7,022,511	7,033,625	6,646,435	6,644,737	6,099,362	6,045,437	5,706,891	5,728,429
Instructional staff services	5,738,259	6,262,051	5,521,646	5,525,255	5,608,033	5,159,824	5,463,142	4,420,735	5,085,592	4,460,467
Administrative services	12,104,043	12,550,594	11,449,044	11,436,417	10,821,188	10,594,845	10,170,156	9,479,748	9,173,297	8,826,275
Pupil health	2,876,200	2,791,701	2,846,521	2,583,197	3,010,261	2,569,803	2,829,823	2,600,594	2,738,077	2,633,840
Business services	2,041,382	1,981,294	1,895,079	1,692,735	1,563,524	1,687,424	1,411,977	1,375,160	1,263,848	1,298,612
Operation and maintenance of plant services	14,851,685	14,116,920	14,335,773	14,599,437	13,604,300	13,749,844	12,681,294	13,085,122	12,960,461	11,694,446
Student transportation services	11,371,606	11,259,811	11,084,751	11,378,180	11,118,147	10,926,856	10,048,899	10,031,148	10,223,581	9,572,089
Central and other support services	4,387,526	4,286,345	4,143,691	3,915,610	4,093,679	3,526,222	3,637,940	3,456,278	3,599,481	3,458,269
Student activities	3,493,302	3,874,670	3,299,563	3,706,256	3,244,593	3,675,858	3,114,404	3,400,821	3,209,497	3,377,064
Community services	83,718	77,677	44,000	75,135	52,250	66,400	51,000	17,249	64,600	28,879
Facilities acquisition, construction and improvement	350,000	353,018	485,000	311,756	1,468,255	187,621	300,000	300,250	-	1,558,131
Debt service	10,020,000	11,831,039	15,500,000	13,361,677	16,190,000	13,887,128	15,586,000	16,801,219	16,500,000	27,185,883
Total expenditures	210,612,000	203,168,556	206,783,000	198,472,271	200,775,000	187,013,598	188,440,000	178,590,633	187,031,000	182,388,829
EXCESS OF REVENUES OVER										
EXPENDITURES	500,000	18,239,341	(3,980,000)	13,496,654	(3,940,000)	17,582,405	2,740,000	21,324,527	2,773,000	11,639,510
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)										
` ,		400.000		45 444		07.405		47.004		0.075
Sale of/compensation for capital assets	-	182,098	-	45,414	-	37,165	-	17,064	-	3,675
Insurance recoveries	-	-	(20,000)	(76.004)	(60,000)	110.000	(60,000)	-	(00,000)	384
Refund of prior year expenditures (revenues)	-	69,585	(20,000)	(76,904)	(60,000)	119,098	(60,000)	239,113	(80,000)	
Transfers out	-	(25,760,784)	-	(13,127,754)	-	(19,572,644)	(6,000,000)	(25,071,254)	(5,980,000)	(20,745,138)
Budgetary reserve	(500,000)									-
Total other financing sources (uses)	(500,000)	(25,509,101)	(520,000)	(13,159,244)	(560,000)	(19,416,381)	(6,560,000)	(24,815,077)	(6,560,000)	(20,741,079)
NET CHANGE IN FUND BALANCE		(500),	(4,500,000) 00 0)	337,410 (500,	(4,500,000) 00 0)	(1,833,976) (500,	(3,820,000)	(3,490,550)	(3,787,000)	(9,101,569)
FUND BALANCE										
Beginning of year	24,500,000	69, 760 24,611,360	26,500,000	24,273,950	56,606,800	26,107,926	51,820,000	29,598,476	23,950,000	38,700,045
End of year	\$ 24,500,000	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$

 $17,341,600 \\ 22,000,000 \\ 24,611,360 \\ 52,106,800 \\ 24,273,950 \\ 48,000,000 \\ 26,107,926 \\ 20,163,000 \\ 29,598,476 \\ 20,163,000 \\ 29,598,476 \\ 20,163,000 \\ 20,$

COMPARATIVE SCHEDULES OF REVENUES AND OTHER FINANCING SOURCES - GENERAL FUND

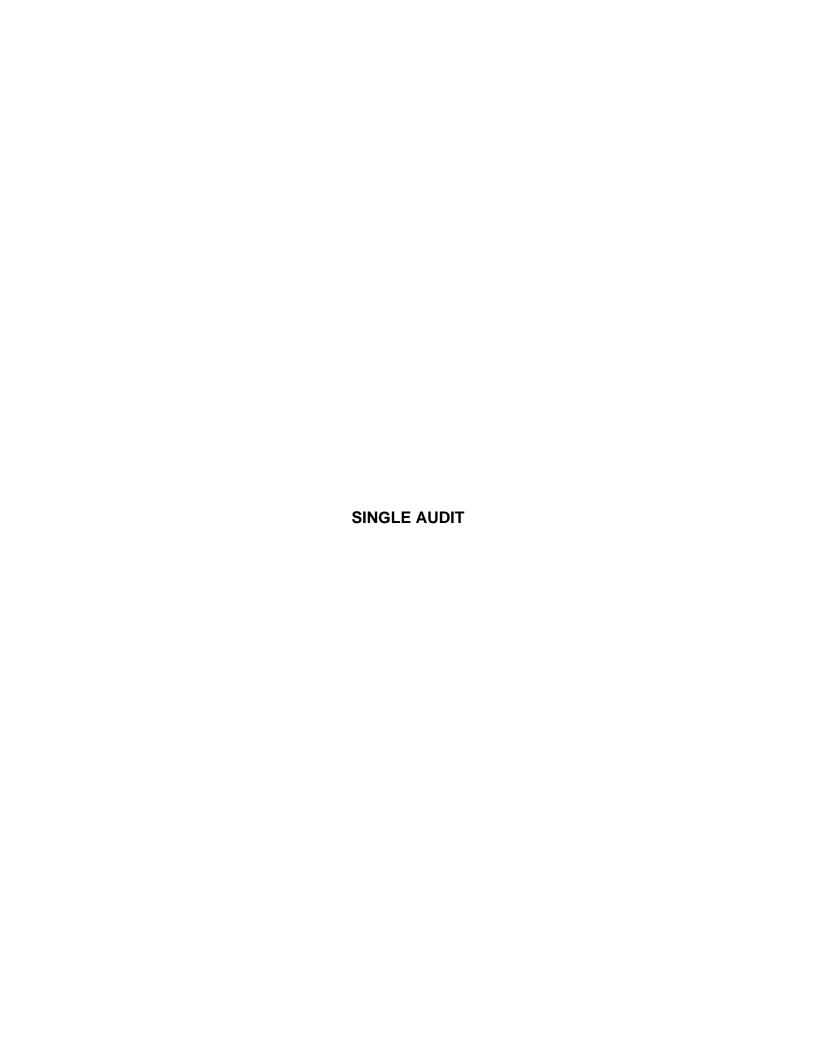
June 30,

	2022	2021	2020	2019	2018
REVENUES					
Local sources					
Current real estate taxes	\$ 148,850,828	\$ 142,289,601	\$ 141,921,935	\$ 139,238,919	\$ 137,897,085
Interim real estate taxes	4,818,352	3,372,342	2,074,669	2,727,132	2,281,663
Public utility realty tax	166,162	161,900	150,294	166,470	166,089
Act 511 local services taxes	233,578	206,962	224,184	211,683	220,294
Act 511 earned income taxes	21,276,193	19,519,517	16,935,044	16,976,574	16,475,316
Act 511 real estate transfer taxes	5,021,225	4,868,084	2,871,706	3,796,236	2,999,767
Delinquent real estate taxes	3,624,929	3,171,913	2,499,954	2,246,920	3,520,845
Earnings on investments	245,166	531,235	1,857,522	2,224,533	1,380,428
Revenues from intermediary sources	2,546,557	2,070,967	1,697,945	1,813,562	1,854,021
Rentals	406,731	62,348	469,922	536,340	476,662
Tuition - regular and summer school	63,600	94,697	40,914	132,874	255,867
Student activities	2,062,913	1,434,586	1,812,144	2,079,732	1,930,289
Miscellaneous revenue	109,900	151,394	117,836	185,305	208,769
Total revenues from local sources	189,426,134	177,935,546	172,674,069	172,336,280	169,667,095
0.1					
State sources	45 700 745	45 040 440	45.040.400	44 705 000	44.007.045
Basic education	15,732,745	15,213,418	15,213,438	14,785,800	14,607,845
Charter schools	-	-	-	-	-
Tuition court placed	109,088	153,276	776,402	79,034	137,120
Special education	6,528,454	6,146,692	5,804,520	5,901,099	6,131,365
Transportation	3,710,133	4,049,334	3,618,939	3,746,544	3,894,611
Rental and sinking fund payments	1,773,613	1,236,671	1,248,896	1,263,351	2,252,395
Medical and dental services	301,906	305,200	305,654	329,923	285,534
State property tax reduction allocation	4,010,319	3,983,275	3,954,207	3,875,394	3,939,786
Other state grants	-	-	-	51,416	1,663
Safe schools	-	25,000	45,000	25,000	-
Accountability grant	-	-	- 074 000	-	- 074 000
Ready to learn grant	874,969	874,969	874,969	874,969	874,969
Social security subsidy	4,005,252	3,866,989	3,663,307	3,588,740	3,332,110
Retirement subsidy Incarcerated education	19,256,190	18,076,135	16,932,655	15,764,843	14,766,748
		-			-
Total revenues from state sources	56,302,669	53,930,959	52,437,987	50,286,113	50,224,146
Federal sources					
Title I - low income	313,744	318,047	273,480	339,732	294,189
Title II - improving teaching quality	152,973	218,224	199,135	173,142	233,281
Title III - english language	32,514	34,577	65,992	45,514	39,921
Title IV- student support & enrichment	-	25,751	51,456	-	1,687
Qualified school construction bond (QSCB)	1,853,645	1,851,679	1,846,765	1,839,885	1,833,005
All other federal grants	644,627	561,186	568,980	576,693	509,899
Medical assistance/administrative	31,758	32,180	28,671	27,711	10,637
COVID-19 grants	998,403	745,530	271,002		
Total revenues from federal sources	4,027,664	3,787,174	3,305,481	3,002,677	2,922,619
Other financing sources					
Sale of/compensation for capital assets	616,451	516,451	278,039	44,245	162,237
Insurance recoveries	98,681	-		,2-10	102,207
madrance recovenes	00,001		447.070	444.040	204 522
Refunds of prior years expenditures	278,505	253,505	117,370	141,018	201,532
	<u>278,505</u> 993,637	253,505 769,956	395,409	185,263	363,769

COMPARATIVE SCHEDULES OF REVENUES AND OTHER FINANCING SOURCES - GENERAL FUND

June 30,

<u>2017</u>	<u>2016</u>	<u>2015</u>	<u>2014</u>	<u>2013</u>
				\$ 129,407,143
				1,752,473
				189,265
				170,459
16,440,768	15,700,345	16,076,800	15,098,451	14,065,246
2,937,027	3,348,454	2,514,756	2,443,816	2,678,500
2,964,014	3,332,783	3,355,254	3,954,319	3,379,685
732,214	475,958	381,737	309,237	377,824
1,927,828	1,670,659	1,691,913	1,593,535	1,682,844
374,630	494,672	235,404	267,334	158,046
38,956	71,276	53,854	58,790	77,561
1,707,287	1,430,436	1,275,591	1,171,632	1,090,745
221,797	211,165	181,306	136,434	135,987
168,019,218	165,798,902	161,347,717	158,062,114	155,165,778
14 346 522	13 870 652	13 171 561	13 500 785	13,062,584
14,540,522	13,070,032	13,474,304	13,303,703	13,002,304
157 550	115 762	150 544	102 022	131,695
•		·		•
			, ,	5,310,989
				3,649,538
				1,541,547
	·	•	-	308,513
3,906,948			3,813,172	3,828,397
-	·	1,000	-	-
-	9,780	-		13,434
-	-	-	264,742	264,742
·	,	•	-	-
				2,890,657
13,091,813 -	10,991,018	8,860,844 -	6,768,257 -	4,848,458 -
50,415,422	43,445,079	40,489,476	38,795,263	35,850,554
256 250	257 604	200 055	265.025	253,603
•		•	•	
	•	·		138,074
·	27,623	•	·	33,528
	-			-
				1,965,689
•	·	•		621,113
11,803	24,154	21,799	28,356	
2,973,257	2,724,944	2,758,810	3,057,783	3,012,007
				0.075
182 008	45 414	37 165	17 064	36/5
182,098	45,414	37,165	17,064	3,675
-	-	-	-	-
182,098 - 88,522 270,620	45,414 - 64,835 110,249	37,165 - 121,572 158,737	17,064 - 244,587 261,651	3,675 - 11,754 15,429
	\$ 136,816,786 3,448,417 176,715 232,779 16,440,768 2,937,027 2,964,014 732,214 1,927,828 374,630 38,956 1,707,287 221,797 168,019,218 14,346,522 - 157,552 5,849,908 3,838,040 4,842,591 288,748 3,906,948 - - - 874,969 3,218,331 13,091,813 - 50,415,422 356,259 147,573 31,686 - 1,831,039 594,897 11,803 -	\$ 136,816,786 \$ 134,549,959 3,448,417 4,121,201 176,715 179,587 232,779 212,407 16,440,768 15,700,345 2,937,027 3,348,454 2,964,014 3,332,783 732,214 475,958 1,927,828 1,670,659 374,630 494,672 38,956 71,276 1,707,287 1,430,436 221,797 211,165 168,019,218 165,798,902 14,346,522 13,870,652	\$ 136,816,786 \$ 134,549,959 \$ 132,009,040 3,448,417 4,121,201 3,176,436 176,715 179,587 191,740 232,779 212,407 203,886 16,440,768 15,700,345 16,076,800 2,937,027 3,348,454 2,514,756 2,964,014 3,332,783 3,355,254 732,214 475,958 381,737 1,927,828 1,670,659 1,691,913 374,630 494,672 235,404 38,956 71,276 53,854 1,707,287 1,430,436 1,275,591 221,797 211,165 181,306 168,019,218 165,798,902 161,347,717 14,346,522 13,870,652 13,474,564 5,849,908 5,688,100 5,500,007 3,838,040 4,016,650 3,804,844 4,842,591 591,455 782,427 288,748 288,659 290,607 3,906,948 3,808,899 3,881,937 6,195 1,000 9,780 - 9,780 - 5,504,909 874,969 660,098 3,218,331 3,182,939 3,082,604 13,091,813 10,991,018 8,860,844 - 50,415,422 43,445,079 40,489,476 1,831,039 1,827,108 1,823,177 594,897 452,998 444,422 11,803 24,154 21,799	\$ 136,816,786 \$ 134,549,959 \$ 132,009,040 \$ 130,277,236



SCHEDULE OF EXPENDITURES OF FEDERAL AWARDS AND CERTAIN STATE GRANTS

Year ended June 30, 2022

Federal Grantor/Pass-Through Grantor/Project Title	Source Code	Federal ALN <u>Number</u>	Pass- Through Grantor's Number	Grant Period Beginning/ Ending Dates	Grant <u>Amount</u>	Total Received for Year	Accrued (Deferred) Revenue July 1,	Revenue Recognized	<u>Expenditures</u>	Accrued (Deferred) Revenue June 30,	Passed Through to <u>Subrecipients</u>
U.S. Department of Education Passed-Through the Pennsylvania											
Department of Education											
Title I - Improving Basic Programs	1	84.010	013-200121	07/01/20 - 09/30/21	\$ 328,875	115,219	\$ 33,461	\$ 81,758	\$ 81,758	\$ -	\$ -
Title I - Improving Basic Programs	I	84.010	013-210121	07/01/21 - 09/30/22	316,957	193,669	22.464	242 744	242.744	20 247	
						308,888	33,461	313,744	313,744	38,317	
Trite IIALIN #84/Infg/Teacher Quality	1	84.367	020-200121	07/01/20 - 09/30/21	176,516	49,023	598 231,98	48,425	48,425	-	-
Title II - Improving Teacher Quality	ı	84.367	020-210121	07/01/21 - 09/30/22	164,327	98,935					
						<u>147,958</u> -	598	2312,988	452,913	5,613	
TRIGITULE # # 1 Instruction LEP/							104,5 ²	.8		-	
Immigrant Students Title III - Language Instruction LEP/	I	84.365	010-200121	07/01/21 - 09/30/22	35,841	7,168	704',	-,	6,464	-	-
Immigrant Students	1	84.365	010-210121	07/01/21 - 09/30/22	35,330	.25,587		104,548	5,613		
J						32,755		32,514	32,514	463	
Trie IXISIL#64665pport & Academic											
Enrichment	1	84.424	144-210121	07/01/21 - 09/30/22	25,147	6,702	26,050				
COVID-19 Governor's Emergency						_		26,050	463	-	
.	1	84.425C	252-200121	03/13/20 - 09/30/21	35,858	2 64422	(9,436)	35,397	35,397	(461)	
Edvation Relief (GEFR) Evelondary		84.425D	200-200121	03/13/20 - 09/30/21	254,339		(330)		(6,702	(330)	
SOVE - FOR EIGHT A FIRST EVECONDARY	'	04.423D	200-200121	03/13/20 - 09/30/21	254,559		(330)			- (330)	
School Emergency Relief Fund	1	84.425D	200-210121	03/13/20 - 09/30/23	1,234,833	1,150,241	885,358				
COVID-19 American Rescue Plan Act Elem	entary									-	
and Secondary School Emergency Relie	,	84.425U	223-210121	03/13/20 - 09/30/24	2,691,839	319,307	53,372	1,039,947	1,039,947	774,012	
COVID-19 American Rescue Plan Act Elem	ontany										
and Secondary School Emergency Relie	,						264,883	264,883	_	-	
Homeless Children and Youth	I	84.425W	181-212122	07/01/21 - 09/30/24	16,267	1,251					

(1,251)

	Federal Grantor/Pass-Through Grantor/Project Title	Source	Federal ALN <u>Number</u>	Pass- Through Grantor's Number	Grant Period Beginning/ Ending Dates	Grant <u>Amount</u>	Total Received for Year	Accrued (Deferred) Revenue July 1,	Revenue Recognized	<u>Expenditures</u>	Accrued (Deferred) Revenue June 30,	Passed Through to <u>Subrecipients</u>
	Passed Through the Pennsylvania Commission on Crime and Delinquency	ooue					ioi reai	2021			2022	
	COVID-19 Elementary and Secondary Schoo											
	•	'I	84.425	2020-ES-01-35314	03/13/20 - 09/30/22	406,585	400,344					
	Emergency Relief Fund						1,897,565	1,329,308				
	Palesieն Tiffe Guga5 the Chester County I.U.											
	I.D.E.A Part B, Section 611	1	84.027	062-200024	07/01/20 - 09/30/21	1,878,767	1,400,344	877,865	262,430	262,430	-	-
	I.D.E.A Part B, Section 611	!	84.027	062-210024	07/01/21 - 09/30/22	1,837,273	734,909	1,340,227	1,837,273 1,340, 22 7	1,837,273 771,970	1,102,364	-
	COVID-19 - I.D.E.A Part B, Section 611	1	84.027	062-210024	07/01/21 - 09/30/22	443,110	175,355					
							2,050,559		2,542,813	2,542,813	1,370,119	
	T.Dt.祖.ALN#84 ®23ection 619 I.D.E.A Part B, Section 619	1 1	84.173 84.173	131-200024 131-210024	07/01/20 - 06/30/21 07/01/21 - 06/30/22	4,680 3,744	4,680 3,744	4,680 443,110	-	-		
							8,424		443,17404	267,755 3,744		
S	Total U.S. Department of Education Total ALN #84.173						8474586 8 51	2,246,616	4,386,015	4,386,015	2,179,780	
	U.S. Department of Health and Human Services						-	3,744	3,744	-	-	
	Passed Through the Pennsylvania <u>Department of Public Welfare</u>						4,680			-	-	
	Medical Assistance Program	ı	93.778	N/A	07/01/20 - 06/30/21	32,180	18,851	18,851	-	-		-
	Medical Assistance Program	1	93.778	N/A	07/01/21 - 06/30/22	31,758	27,835					
							46,686		31,758	31,758	3,923	
	<u>ป</u> .รู่:ababa #93.77 8f Agriculture											
	Passed-Through the Pennsylvania							31,758				
	Department of Education						10 0E1		31,758	3,923	-	
	State Matching Share	S S	N/A	N/A	07/01/20 - 06/30/21	N/A	18,851 6,575	6,575	-	-		-
	State Matching Share	S	N/A	N/A	07/01/21 - 06/30/22	N/A	182,141					
	Total State Matching Share						188,716		188,163	188,163	6,022	
	Breakfast Program	ı	10.553	N/A	07/01/20 - 06/30/21	N/A	40,105	40,105 188,163	_	-	-	-
	Breakfast Program	1	10.553	N/A	07/01/21 - 06/30/22	N/A	1,112,988	188,163				
							1,153,093		1,11886,16937	1,6,56,617	43,629	
	Total ALN #10.553						- 6,575	1,156,6	17		-	
	Continued on next page								1,156,617	42 620		

Continued on next page

1,156,617 43,629

40,105

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Federal Grantor/Pass-Through Grantor/Project Title	Source Code	Federal ALN <u>Number</u>	Pass- Through Grantor's Number	Grant Period Beginning/ <u>Ending Dates</u>	Grant <u>Amount</u>	Total Received for Year	Accrued (Deferred) Revenue July 1,	Revenue <u>Recognized</u>	<u>Expenditures</u>	Accrued (Deferred) Revenue June 30,	Passed Through to Subrecipients
P-EBT Local Admin Funds	l	10.649	N/A	07/01/21 - 06/30/22	3,063	3,063	2021 _	3,063	3,063	2022 _	-
National School Lunch Program	1	10.555	N/A	07/01/20 - 06/30/21	N/A	123,281	123,281	_	_	-	-
National School Lunch Program	1	10.555	N/A	07/01/21 - 06/30/22	N/A	4,803,199	-	4,957,658	4,957,658	154,459	-
Supply Chain Assistance	1	10.555	N/A	07/01/21 - 09/30/23	249,201	249,201	-	-	-	(249,201)	-
SNP Emergency Operating Costs	I	10.555	N/A	07/01/21 - 06/30/22	18,357	18,357	-	18,357	18,357	-	-
Passed-Through the Pennsylvania Department of Agriculture											
National School Lunch Program	1	10.555	N/A	07/01/21 - 06/30/22	N/A	a) <u>243,137</u> b) <u>(1,340</u>) c	244,085		d) <u>(392</u>)	
						5,437,175		5,220,100		(95,134)	
Total U.S. Department of Agriculture Total ALN #10.555						6,782,047	168,621	6,567,943	6,567,943	(45,483)	
Total Federal Awards and Certain											
State Grants						\$ 11,281,584	\$	\$ 10,2945,07856	\$	\$ 2,138,220	\$
Total Federal Awards Total State Awards						121,941 \$ 11,092,868 188,716	\$ 2,427,513	5,220,100 \$ 10,797,553	\$ 10,797,553	\$ 2,132,198	\$ -
Total Federal Awards and Certain State Gr	ants					\$ 11,281,584	\$	\$ 10,985,716	\$	\$ 2,138,220	\$
						2,434,088		10,985,716			
Special Education Cluster (IDEA) (ALN's #	84.027 and #	84.173)				\$ 2,058,983	\$	\$	\$	<u>\$1,370,119</u>	<u>\$</u>
Child Nutrition Cluster (ALN's #10.553 and	#10.555)					\$ 6,590,268 6,575 2,434,088	188,163 <u>\$</u>	\$ 188,163 10,985,716	\$ 6,022	<u>\$</u>	<u>\$</u>
						882,545	2,546,557	2,546,557		-	
<u>Footnotes</u>						100.040	6,376,717	6,376,717	(54.505)	-	
a) Total amount of commodities	es receive	ed				162,046		0,010,111	(51,505)	_	

- a) Total amount of commodities received
- b) Beginning inventory July 1
- c) Total amount of commodities used d) Ending inventory June 30

- Source Codes
 D Direct Funding
- I Indirect Funding S State Share

NOTES TO SCHEDULE OF EXPENDITURES OF FEDERAL AWARDS AND CERTAIN STATE GRANTS

June 30, 2022

(1) FEDERAL EXPENDITURES

The Schedule of Expenditures of Federal Awards and Certain State Grants reflects federal expenditures for all individual grants which were active during the fiscal year. Additionally, the Schedule reflects expenditures for certain state grants.

(2) BASIS OF ACCOUNTING

The District uses the modified accrual method of recording transactions except as noted for the accounting of donated commodities in Note 3. Revenues are recorded when measurable and available. Expenditures are recorded when incurred.

(3) NONMONETARY FEDERAL AWARDS - DONATED FOOD

The Commonwealth of Pennsylvania distributes federal surplus food to institutions (schools, hospitals and prisons) and to the needy. Expenditures reported in the Schedule of Expenditures of Federal Awards and Certain State Grants under ALN #10.555 National School Lunch Program and passed through the Pennsylvania Department of Agriculture represent federal surplus food consumed by the District during the 2021-2022 fiscal year.

(4) ACCESS PROGRAM

The District participates in the ACCESS Program which is a medical assistance program that reimburses local educational agencies for direct eligible health-related services provided to enrolled special needs students. Reimbursements are federal source revenues but are classified as fee-for-service and are not considered federal financial assistance. The amount of ACCESS funding recognized for the year ended June 30, 2022 was \$644,626.

(5) QUALIFIED SCHOOL CONSTRUCTION BONDS PROGRAM

The District participates in the Qualified School Construction Bonds ("QSCB") program sponsored by the State Public School Building Authority ("SPSBA"). In conjunction with the QSCB Program, the District receives subsidy reimbursements for a portion of the interest payments made under its loan agreements with the SPSBA. Reimbursements are federal source revenues but are not considered federal financial assistance. The amount of QSCB subsidy payments recognized for the year ended June 30, 2022 was \$1,853,645.

(6) INDIRECT COSTS

The District has elected not to use the 10-percent de minimis indirect cost rate as allowed under the Uniform Guidance.

SUMMARY SCHEDULE OF PRIOR AUDIT FINDINGS

Year ended June 30, 2022 There were no audit findings for the year ended June 30, 2021.



INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT ON INTERNAL CONTROL OVER FINANCIAL REPORTING AND ON COMPLIANCE AND OTHER MATTERS BASED ON AN AUDIT OF FINANCIAL STATEMENTS PERFORMED IN ACCORDANCE WITH GOVERNMENT AUDITING STANDARDS

Board of School Directors Downingtown Area School District Downingtown, Pennsylvania

We have audited, in accordance with the auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards* issued by the Comptroller General of the United States, the financial statements of the governmental activities, the business-type activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of Downingtown Area School District, Downingtown, Pennsylvania, as of and for the year ended June 30, 2022, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise Downingtown Area School District's basic financial statements, and have issued our report thereon dated December 15, 2022.

Internal Control Over Financial Reporting

In planning and performing our audit of the financial statements, we considered Downingtown Area School District's internal control over financial reporting (internal control) to determine the audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances for the purpose of expressing our opinions on the financial statements, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of Downingtown Area School District's internal control. Accordingly, we do not express an opinion on the effectiveness of Downingtown Area School District's internal control.

A *deficiency in internal control* exists when the design or operation of a control does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent, or detect and correct, misstatements on a timely basis. A *material weakness* is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control, such that there is a reasonable possibility that a material misstatement of the entity's financial statements will not be prevented, or detected and corrected on a timely basis. A *significant deficiency* is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control that is less severe than a material weakness, yet important enough to merit attention by those charged with governance.

Our consideration of internal control was for the limited purpose described in the first paragraph of this section and was not designed to identify all deficiencies in internal control that might be material weaknesses or, significant deficiencies. Given these limitations, during our audit we did not identify any deficiencies in internal control that we consider to be material weaknesses. However, material weaknesses may exist that have not been identified.

Compliance and Other Matters

As part of obtaining reasonable assurance about whether Downingtown Area School District's financial statements are free from material misstatement, we performed tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements, noncompliance with which could have a direct and material effect on the determination of financial statement amounts. However, providing an opinion on compliance with those provisions was not an objective of our audit, and accordingly, we do not express such an opinion. The results of our tests disclosed no instances of noncompliance or other matters that are required to be reported under *Government Auditing Standards*.

Purpose of this Report

The purpose of this report is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the effectiveness of the entity's internal control or on compliance. This report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering the entity's internal control and compliance. Accordingly, this communication is not suitable for any other purpose.



Philadelphia, Pennsylvania December 15, 2022



INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT ON COMPLIANCE FOR EACH MAJOR PROGRAM AND ON INTERNAL CONTROL OVER COMPLIANCE REQUIRED BY THE UNIFORM GUIDANCE

Board of School Directors
Downingtown Area School District
Downingtown, Pennsylvania

Report on Compliance for Each Major Federal Program

Opinion on Each Major Federal Program

We have audited Downingtown Area School District's compliance with the types of compliance requirements identified as subject to audit in the OMB *Compliance Supplement* that could have a direct and material effect on each of Downingtown Area School District's major federal programs for the year ended June 30, 2022. Downingtown Area School District's major federal programs are identified in the summary of auditor's results section of the accompanying schedule of findings and questioned costs.

In our opinion, Downingtown Area School District complied, in all material respects, with the types of compliance requirements referred to above that could have a direct and material effect on each of its major federal programs for the year ended June 30, 2022.

Basis for Opinion on Each Major Federal Program

We conducted our audit of compliance in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America; the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States; and the audit requirements of Title 2 U.S. *Code of Federal Regulations* Part 200, *Uniform Administrative Requirements, Cost Principles, and Audit Requirements for Federal Awards* (Uniform Guidance). Our responsibilities under those standards and the Uniform Guidance are further described in the Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of Compliance section of our report.

We are required to be independent of Downingtown Area School District and to meet our other ethical responsibilities, in accordance with relevant ethical requirements relating to our audit. We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion on compliance for each major federal program. Our audit does not provide a legal determination of Downingtown Area School District's compliance with the compliance requirements referred to above.

Responsibilities of Management for Compliance

Management is responsible for compliance with the requirements referred to above and for the design, implementation, and maintenance of effective internal control over compliance with the requirements of laws, statutes, regulations, rules and provisions of contracts or grant agreements applicable to Downingtown Area School District's federal programs.

Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of Compliance

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether material noncompliance with the compliance requirements referred to above occurred, whether due to fraud or error, and express an opinion on Downingtown Area School District's compliance based on our audit. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance but is not absolute assurance and therefore is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with generally accepted auditing standards, *Government Auditing Standards*, and the Uniform Guidance will always detect material noncompliance when it exists. The risk of not detecting material noncompliance resulting from fraud is higher than for that resulting from error, as fraud may involve collusion, forgery, intentional omissions, misrepresentations or the override of internal control. Noncompliance with the compliance requirements referred to above is considered material if there is a substantial likelihood that, individually or in the aggregate, it would influence the judgment made by a reasonable user of the report on compliance about Downingtown Area School District's compliance with the requirements of each major federal program as a whole.

In performing an audit in accordance with generally accepted auditing standards, *Government Auditing Standards*, and the Uniform Guidance, we:

- Exercise professional judgment and maintain professional skepticism throughout the audit.
- Identify and assess the risks of material noncompliance, whether due to fraud or error, and design and
 perform audit procedures responsive to those risks. Such procedures include examining, on a test basis,
 evidence regarding Downingtown Area School District's compliance with the compliance requirements
 referred to above and performing such other procedures as we considered necessary in the circumstances.
- Obtain an understanding of Downingtown Area School District's internal control over compliance relevant to
 the audit in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances and to test and report
 on internal control over compliance in accordance with the Uniform Guidance, but not for the purpose of
 expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of Downingtown Area School District's internal control over
 compliance. Accordingly, no such opinion is expressed.

We are required to communicate with those charged with governance regarding, among other matters, the planned scope and timing of the audit and any significant deficiencies and material weaknesses in internal control over compliance that we identified during the audit.

Report on Internal Control over Compliance

A deficiency in internal control over compliance exists when the design or operation of a control over compliance does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent, or detect and correct, noncompliance with a type of compliance requirement of a federal program on a timely basis. A material weakness in internal control over compliance is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control over compliance, such that there is a reasonable possibility that material noncompliance with a type of compliance requirement of a federal program will not be prevented, or detected and corrected, on a timely basis. A significant deficiency in internal control over compliance is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control over compliance requirement of a federal program that is less severe than a material weakness in internal control over compliance, yet important enough to merit attention by those charged with governance.

Our consideration of internal control over compliance was for the limited purpose described in the Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of Compliance section above and was not designed to identify all deficiencies in internal control over compliance that might be material weaknesses or significant deficiencies in internal control over compliance. Given these limitations, during our audit we did not identify any deficiencies in internal control over compliance that we consider to be material weaknesses, as defined above. However, material weaknesses or significant deficiencies in internal control over compliance may exist that were not identified.

Our audit was not designed for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of internal control over compliance. Accordingly, no such opinion is expressed.

The purpose of this report on internal control over compliance is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over compliance and the results of that testing based on the requirements of the Uniform Guidance. Accordingly, this report is not suitable for any other purpose.

Philadelphia, Pennsylvania December 15, 2022

SCHEDULE OF FINDINGS AND QUESTIONED COSTS

Year ended June 30, 2022

SUMMARY OF AUDITOR'S RESULTS

- 1. The auditor's report expresses an unmodified opinion on whether the financial statements of Downingtown Area School District were prepared in accordance with GAAP.
- No significant deficiencies or material weaknesses relating to the audit of the financial statements of Downingtown Area School District are reported in the independent auditor's report on internal control over financial reporting and on compliance and other matters based on an audit of financial statements performed in accordance with Government Auditing Standards.
- No instances of noncompliance material to the financial statements of Downingtown Area School District, which
 would be required to be reported in accordance with Government Auditing Standards, were disclosed during the
 audit.
- 4. No significant deficiencies or material weaknesses in internal control over the major federal award programs are reported in the independent auditor's report on compliance for each major program and on internal control over compliance required by the Uniform Guidance.
- 5. The auditor's report on compliance for the major federal award programs for Downingtown Area School District expresses an unmodified opinion on all major federal programs.
- 6. There are no audit findings that are required to be reported in accordance with 2 CFR Section 200.516(a).
- 7. The programs tested as major programs were:

Child Nutrition Cluster:

Breakfast Program – ALN Number 10.553 National School Lunch Program – ALN Number 10.555

Educational Stabilization Fund – ALN Number 84.425

- 8. The threshold used for distinguishing between Type A and B programs was \$750,000.
- 9. Downingtown Area School District did qualify as a low-risk auditee.

FINDINGS—FINANCIAL STATEMENT AUDIT

None

FINDINGS AND QUESTIONED COSTS-MAJOR FEDERAL AWARD PROGRAMS AUDIT

None